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APPENDIX 6

SYSTEM CONTROLLER EXECUTIVE DESIGN SPECIFICATION

FINAL SOFTWARE REPORT

DATA ITEM NO. A005

**INTEGRATED ELECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEM
ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT MODEL (ADM)**

PREPARED FOR:

NAVAL AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER
WARMINSTER, PENNSYLVANIA

CONTRACT NO. 2269-75-C-0070

1 OCTOBER 1977

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ELECTROMAGNETIC
SYSTEMS DIVISION

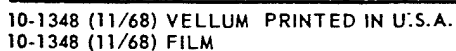


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1.0 SCOPE**1.1** IDENTIFICATION

This document specifies the detailed design requirements of the System Controller (SC) Executive Function (EXEC) subprogram for the Advanced Development Model (ADM) of the Integrated Electronic Warfare System (IEWS).

1.2 SUBPROGRAM TASKS

A copy of the EXEC shall reside in each of the following SC processors:

1. Resource Management (RMP)
2. Classification (CP)
3. Analysis (AP)

The mnemonics assigned to the three EXEC's shall be, respectively:

1. EXRM
2. EXCP
3. EXAP

Each EXEC shall be the primary control module for the operational software in each of the three processors. Each EXEC and the ECM processing modules assigned to that EXEC shall constitute a real-time operating system with priority multi-tasking capability. The three EXEC's shall communicate with each other to initiate and coordinate ECM processing in each of the three processors. The three EXEC's shall be similar in design. Differences among the three shall be as specified in this document.

In order to perform the tasks required for the servicing and control of ECM processing modules, the Executive function shall be divided into five subfunctions:

- 1) Initialization sequence (EXINT)
- 2) Interrupt handlers
 - (a) RMP: Bus hung (EXHNG)
Real-time clock (EXTIM)
 - (b) CP: Bus hung (EXHNG)
Real time clock (EXTIM)
Sorter power fail (EXSPF)
Sorter high-priority message (EXIH)
 - (c) AP: Bus hung (EXHNG)
Real time update from RMP (EXTIM)
Aux Bus Interface buffer full (EXBF)
- 3) Task manager (ECM Processing Manager)
 - (a) Scheduler (EXSCD)
 - (b) Dispatcher (EXDIS)
- 4) Executive message handler
 - (a) ECM-to-Exec interface (EXMES or EXMSG)
 - (b) Executive message processing routine (XMES)
 - (c) Intraprocessor communication message blocks (MTB's)
Manager (GTMN and FRMN)
- 5) Interprocessor communication interface
 - (a) Message receiver (EXIPR)
 - (b) Message sender (EXIPS)
 - (c) Interprocessor communication memory blocks (MCB's)
Manager (GTMNC and FRMNC)
 - (d) Special interprocessor communication (EXSSS, EXSTE)

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2.0 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS**2.1 PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS**

The CPPS for the System Controller Unit, Integrated Electronic Warfare System (IEWS), Advanced Development Model (ADM), Raytheon Document No. 061290529, paragraph 3.3.1 shall apply to this subprogram.

2.2 DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

The CPDS for the System Controller Program, IEWS, ADM Specification No. 53959-GT-0759, Section 3, paragraph 3.2.2, Table IIA, and paragraphs 3.2.3., 3.2.3.1, and 3.2.3.2 shall apply to this subprogram.

2.3 DATA BASE DESIGN DOCUMENT

The Common Data Base Design Document, System Controller Unit, IEWS, ADM, Document No. 53959-GT-0751, shall apply to this subprogram.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS

The following documents shall apply to the subprogram:

Document No.

WS-8506, Revision 1,
1 November 1971

Document Title

Requirements for Digital
Computer Program Documentation

3.0 REQUIREMENTS

3.1 SUBPROGRAM DETAILED DESCRIPTION

3.1.1 Introduction

IEWS System Controller operational software shall consist of ECM processing software and control software. ECM processing software is the implementation of the algorithms required to analyze and react to the ECM environment. Control software (i.e., the Executive) is the software that:

- 1) shall initialize all operational software and hardware
- 2) shall respond to interrupts generated by IEWS hardware units (e.g., Real Time Clock) and subsystems (e.g., Signal Sorter)
- 3) shall provide control of ECM processing modules (task management)
- 4) shall allow the three SC processors (RMP, CP, and AP) to communicate with each other
- 5) shall allow the SC to communicate with the Signal Sorter (SS) and Special Test Equipment (STE)
- 6) shall allow the ECM processing software to communicate with the control software.

The control software shall maintain control of the ECM processing through the use of interrupts from external devices (e.g., Signal Sorter, Real Time Clock, etc.). Control software (i.e., the Executive) shall also be known as "foreground processing". The ECM processing software shall also be known as "background processing", because it is executed at the request of the foreground and because it can be interrupted by the foreground.

The Executive function (i.e., the control software) shall consist of five subfunctions:

- 1) Initialization Sequence (EXINT)
- 2) Interrupt Handlers
- 3) ECM Processing Management (EXSCD and EXDIS)
- 4) Executive Message Handler (EXMES)
- 5) Interprocessor Communications Management (EXIPR and EXIPS)

The overall structure of each of the three Executives is shown in Figures 1, 2, and 3 (RMP, CP, and AP respectively). Rectangular blocks represent software modules and circular blocks represent data structures.

3.1.2 Initialization Sequence (EXINT)

EXINT shall be the starting address for the stored operational program in the RMP, CP, and AP. Control shall be sent to EXINT in the RMP (the master processor in the SC) by the SC loader, after the loader has completed the loading of all IEWS operational software. Control shall be sent to EXINT in the CP and AP by the RMP's initialization sequence. The three initialization sequences are significantly different. However, the operations performed by each sequence can be categorized as follows:

- 1) Set stack register to initial value
- 2) Initialize (i. e., halt) all slave processors
- 3) Initialize interprocessor communication data (MCB's free queue, lockout flags, polling flags, and chain pointers)
- 4) Initialize intraprocessor message blocks (MTB's) free queue
- 5) Initialize common data base items
- 6) Initialize hardware units
- 7) Initialize interrupt trap memory locations
- 8) Initialize task management queues
- 9) Newstart (put into run mode) all slave processors

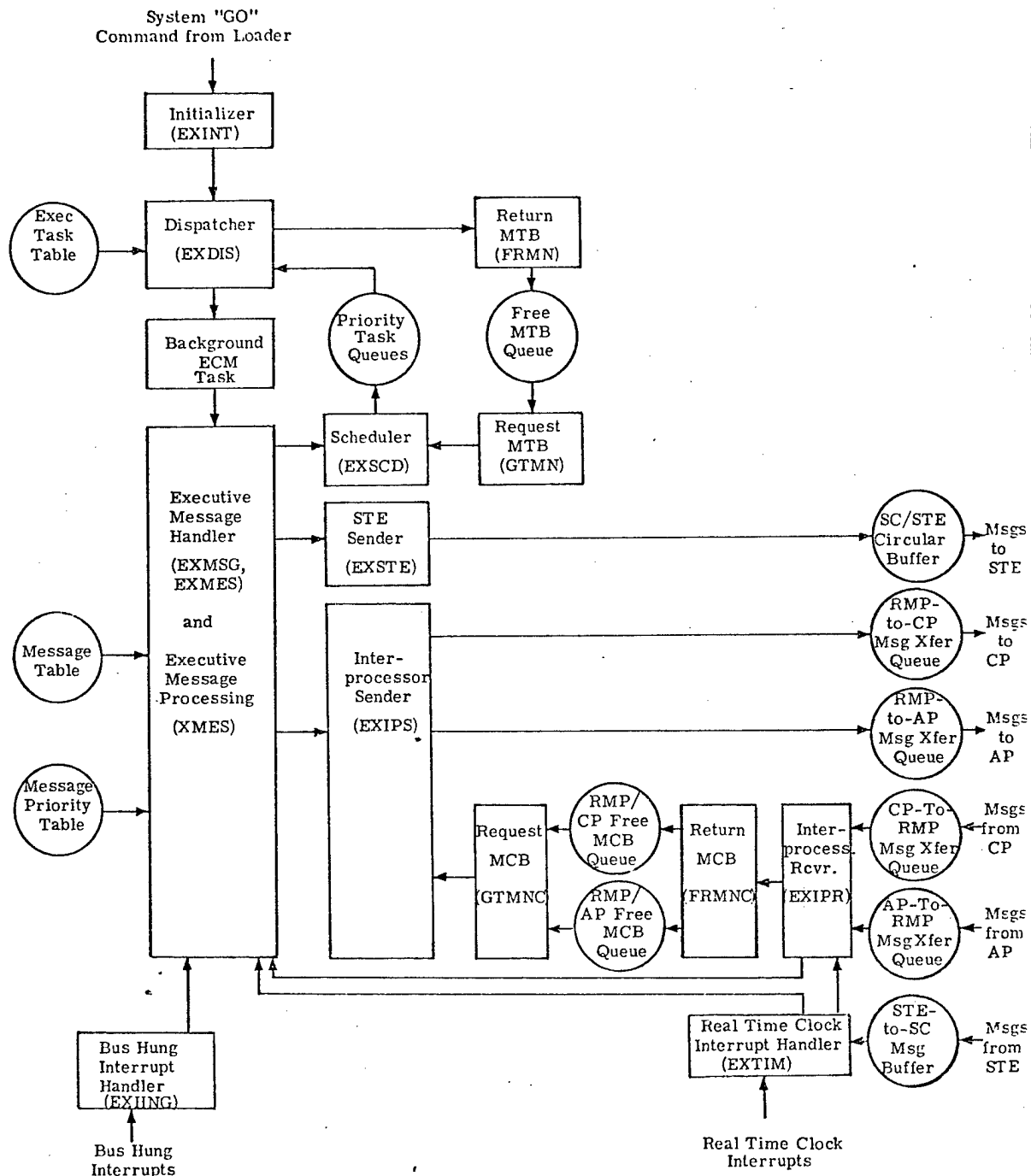
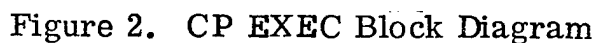


Figure 1. RMP EXEC Block Diagram



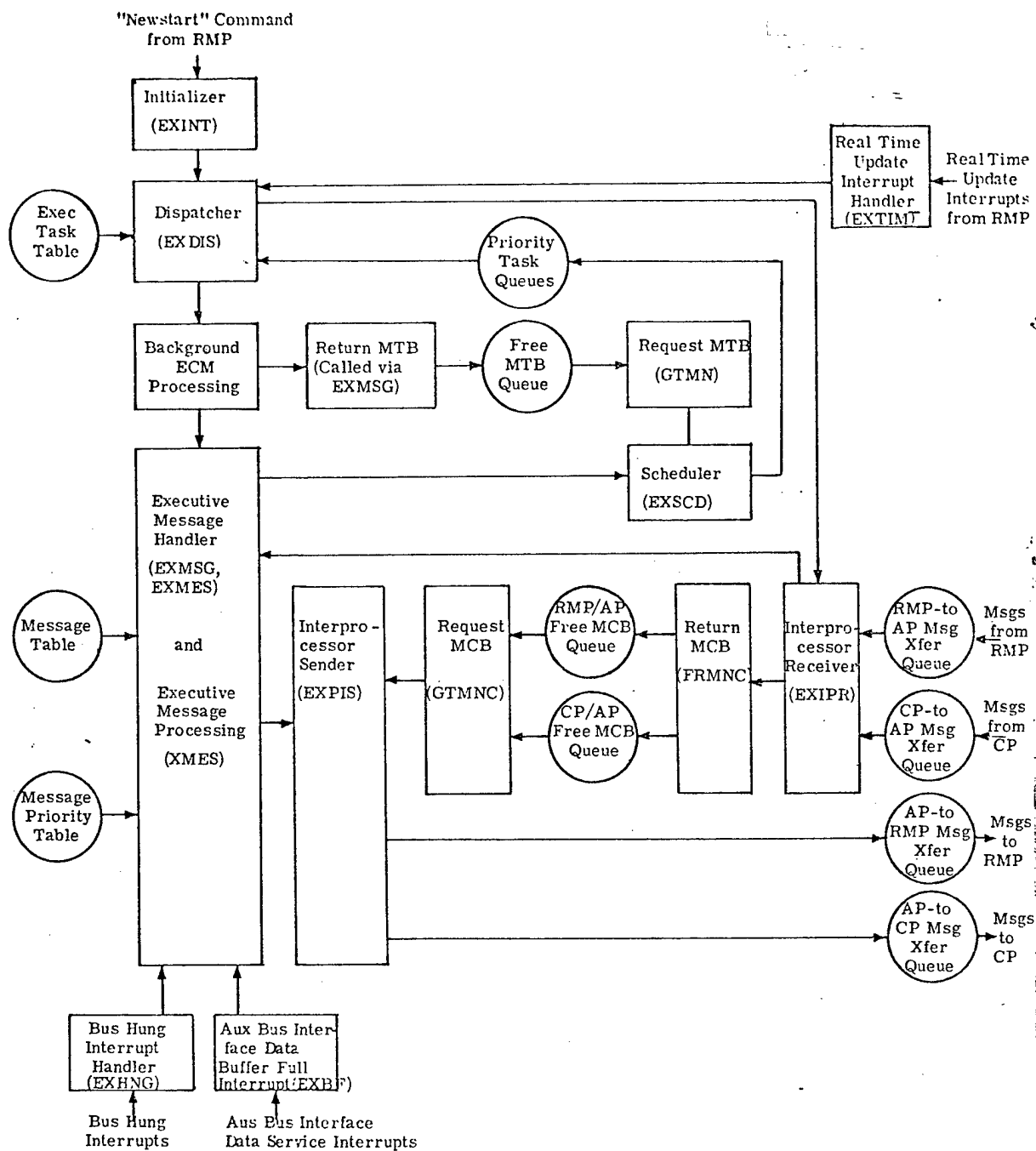


Figure 3. AP EXEC Block Diagram

- 10) Enable all interrupts
- 11) Exit to Executive dispatcher (EXDIS)

The three initialization sequences shall be specified by the following tables:

- 1) RMP Initialization Table 1
- 2) CP Initialization Table 2
- 3) AP Initialization Table 3

3.1.3 Interrupt Handlers

Interrupt handlers shall be the set of routines immediately called in response to an interrupt in the RMP, CP, or AP. The addresses of the interrupt handlers for a given processor shall be loaded by EXINT into the interrupt trap addresses assigned in that processor. The contents of the trap addresses are used as indirect addresses by the RP-16 to call the appropriate interrupt handler when the interrupt occurs. Tables 4, 5, and 6 define the priority interrupt structure in the RMP, CP, and AP respectively.

Each interrupt handler is unique, but the general structure shall be:

- 1) Save A, B, E, and X-register contents on stack.
- 2) Take action appropriate to the interrupt (usually the scheduling of a driver, i.e., task)
- 3) Restore A, B, E, and X-register contents
- 4) Re-enable the interrupt
- 5) Return to program executing at the time of interrupt.

It should be noted that the contents of the overflow flip-flop is not saved by the interrupt handlers. If this flip-flop is to be tested (Jump on overflow instruction), the following sequence of instructions shall be required:

TABLE 1
RMP INITIALIZATION SEQUENCE

Item No.	Description
1.	Set S-register to high address of memory reserved for stack
2.	Initialize Technique Generator Processor (TG)
3.	Initialize CP
4.	Initialize AP
5.	Link together interprocessor message blocks (MCB's) used in RMP/CP communication
6.	Clear RMP/CP interprocessor communication lockout flags, polling flags, chain pointers, next link pointers
7.	Link together interprocessor message blocks (MCB's) used in RMP/AP communication
8.	Clear RMP/AP interprocessor communication lockout flags, polling flags, chain pointers
9.	Link together intraprocessor message blocks (MTB's)
10.	Clear Azimuth Link Table (AZ)
11.	Clear IEWS System Time (System 2, System 1- RMP/CP copy) (System 4, System 3- RMP/AP copy)
12.	Initialize encoding threshold current value to maximum value (value of SYTHU)
13.	Initialize Jam Status File (JS) Files 0, 2, 13, 15: Inactive All Others: Active
14.	Clear Resource File (RF)
15.	Initialize Display/Control Status File (CD) All words cleared except (CD + 2) x '8000'
16.	Clear Polar Image File (PI)
17.	Clear Alphanumeric Image (AN)
18.	Initialize Alphanumeric Memory pointer (ACPTR) - to-start address of Alphanumeric memory (AC)

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TABLE 1
(Continued)

Item No.	Description
19.	Unit clear Emitter Tracker (ET)
20.	Unit clear Parameter Encoder (PE)
21.	Call System Management 2 Driver to interrogate INS and transfer aircraft parameters of heading, altitude, pitch and roll to Common Data Base and store encoding threshold current value and azimuth correction factor in SC/PE Interface
22.	Clear program load lamp on polar display
23.	Initialize Serial I/O Channel 2 (Alphanumeric display)
24.	Store addresses of 16 interrupt handlers in memory trap locations
25.	Unmask (via PIN/RTC mask register) interrupt levels 1 Bus Hung 2 Real Time Clock
26.	Reset Real Time Clock counter and set interval to 2 msec
27.	Enable hung bus detector
28.	Clear task management queues
29.	Store address of watchdog timer expiration routine (EXWDG) in watchdog trap address and enable watchdog timer
30.	Newstart TG
31.	Newstart AP
32.	Newstart CP
33.	Enable high level interrupt
34.	Enable low level interrupt
35.	Unconditional exit to executive dispatcher (EXDIS)

TABLE 2
CP INITIALIZATION SEQUENCE

Item No.	Description
1.	Set S-Register to high address of memory reserved for stack
2.	Initialize Signal Sorter
3.	Link together interprocessor message blocks (MCB's used in CP/AP communication)
4.	Clear CP/AP interprocessor communication lockout flags; polling flags, chain pointers, next link pointers
5.	Link together intraprocessor message blocks (MTB's)
6.	Set amplitude threshold constant (ATC) to 5
7.	Clear From - SS high priority message interrupt
8.	Store addresses of 16 interrupt handlers in memory trap locations
9.	Initialize Emitter Track File (ETF) by calling SOIE (Initialize 1 ETF entry) 128 times.
10.	Unmask (via PIN/RTC mask register) interrupt levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Bus hung 2 Real Time Clock 3 Signal Sorter Power Fail 4 Signal Sorter High Priority message
11.	Reset Real Time Clock counter and set interval to 2 msec
12.	Enable hung bus detector
13.	Clear task management queues
14.	Newstart Signal Sorter
15.	Send "Sorter Start" message to Signal Sorter
16.	Enable high level interrupt
17.	Enable low level interrupt
18.	Unconditional exit to executive dispatcher (EXDIS)

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AP INITIALIZATION SEQUENCE

Item No.	Description
1.	Set S-Register to high address of memory reserved for stack
2.	Clear AP/CP interprocessor communication next link pointers
3.	Link together intraprocessor message blocks (MTB's)
4.	Call ABI Management 2 initializer (AB2IN)
5.	Set value of interrupt counter (CTR) to 5
6.	Store addresses of 2 interrupt handlers in memory trap locations
7.	Clear task management queues
8.	Enable high level interrupt
9.	Enable low level interrupt
10.	Unconditional exit to executive dispatcher (EXDIS)

TABLE 4
RMP INTERRUPT STRUCTURE

Hex Trap Address	Interrupt Handler Mnemonic	HI of LO Priority	Interrupt Name	Comments
9000	NOTUSD	LO, 0	Wired to output interrupt 0	Used for test purposes only. High level interrupt is unused.
9008	EXHNG	LO, 1	Bus Hung Detector	PIN/RTC module vectors low level interrupts.
9010	EXTIM	LO, 2	Real Time Clock	
9018	NOTUSD	LO, 3	CP-sourced interrupt	Not used in IEWS, ADM
9020	NOTUSD	LO, 4	AP-sourced interrupt	"
9028	NOTUSD	LO, 5	Serial I/O Ch 1	"
9030	NOTUSD	LO, 6	Serial I/O Ch 2	"
9040	NOTUSD	LO, 8	Serial I/O Ch 4	"
9048	NOT USD	LO, 9	Daisy Chain	"
9050	NOTUSD	LO, 10	Daisy Chain	Not used in IEWS, ADM
9058	NOTUSD	LO, 11	Daisy Chain	"
9060	NOTUSD	LO, 12	Daisy Chain	"
9068	NOTUSD	LO, 13	Daisy Chain	"
9070	NOTUSD	LO, 14	Daisy Chain	"
9078	NOTUSD	LO, 15	Daisy Chain	"
9038	NOTUSD	LO, 7	Serial I/O Ch 3	"

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TABLE 5
CP INTERRUPT STRUCTURE

Hex Trap Address	Interrupt Handler Mnemonic	HI or LO Priority	Interrupt Name	Comments
0	NOTUSD	HI	RMP-sourced interrupt	Not used in IEWS, ADM PIN/RTC module vectors low level interrupts
8	EXHNG	LO, 1	Bus Hung detector	
10	EXTIM	LO, 2	Real Time Clock	
18	EXSPF	LO, 3	Signal sorter power fail	
20	EXIH	LO, 4	Signal sorter message	Not used in IEWS, ADM
28	NOTUSD	LO, 5	Serial I/O Ch 5	
30	NOTUSD	LO, 6	Serial I/O Ch 6	
38	NOTUSD	LO, 7	Wired to output Interrupt \emptyset	Not used in IEWS, ADM (Used for test purposes only)
40	NOTUSD	LO, 8	Unused	Not used in IEWS, ADM " " " " " " " "
48	NOTUSD	LO, 9	"	
50	NOTUSD	LO, 10	"	
58	NOTUSD	LO, 11	"	
60	NOTUSD	LO, 12	"	
68	NOTUSD	LO, 13	"	
70	NOTUSD	LO, 14	"	
78	NOTUSD	LO, 15	"	

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TABLE 6

AP INTERRUPT STRUCTURE

Trap Address	Interrupt Handler Mnemonic	HI or LO, Priority	Interrupt Name	Comments
0	EXTIM	HI	RMP - sourced clock interrupt	Generated by RMP every 10 msec.
1	EXIH	LO	All of the following low level interrupts: 1. Bus hung detector. (EXHNG) 2. ABI Data Buffer Full (EXBF)	No PIN/RTC module is resident in AP. Interrupt vectoring is performed by EXIH.

1. Disable interrupts
2. Reset overflow flip-flop
3. Perform operation which may set overflow flip-flop (e.g., divide)
4. Test overflow flip-flop
5. Enable interrupts

3.1.4 Task Manager (EXSCD and EXDIS)

The task manager, which shall also be known as the ECM processing manager, shall consist of two routines:

1. EXSCD: The Executive Scheduler Subroutine
2. EXDIS: The Executive dispatcher

3.1.4.1 Executive Scheduler Subroutine - EXSCD shall be an internal routine (called only by executive routines, i.e., control software). Its function shall be to place a message transfer block (MTB) on one of the priority task queues. The MTB's in this context can be thought of as task control blocks. Word 0 of the MTB shall always be an executive message number (see CDBDD) when the MTB is being used as a task control block. The executive message number shall be used to call the appropriate driver (task) when the driver is to be dispatched. There shall be two priority task queues. All requests for ECM processing shall be placed on the low priority queue with the following exceptions:

1. In the CP, New Emitter Alert messages received by EXIH from the Signal Sorter via the high-priority message buffer and destined for Sorter Message Processing (SODR), and
2. In the AP, requests to execute the Analysis Return Driver (ABRDR) generated by the receipt of Aux Bus Data Buffer Full interrupt by EXBF.

3.1.4.2 Executive Dispatcher - The function of EXDIS shall be to search the priority task queues for the next request for ECM processing and to transfer control to the driver assigned to servicing that request. The algorithm for determining the next request to be serviced shall be as follows:

1. All requests on the high priority queue shall be dispatched before a request on the low priority queue can be serviced.
2. Within priorities, servicing shall be on a FIFO basis.

Control shall be transferred to EXDIS:

1. At the completion of EXINT
2. After the completion of an ECM processing task
(Executed as a subroutine)
3. When the task queues are empty

The CP version of EXDIS shall poll the low priority message buffer from the Signal Sorter as its idle loop. That is, when the CP task queues are empty, the message buffer shall be polled before the queues are re-searched. If a message from the Sorter is present, an MTB shall be obtained (via GTMN), the message copied from the low priority buffer to the MTB, and the Sorter Message Processing Driver (SODR) scheduled.

3.1.5 Executive Message Handler (EXMES, XMES, GTMN, FRMN)

The Executive message handler shall be the Executive module responsible for processing all communication sent from ECM processing to the Executive. The Executive message handler shall then decide if the message is interprocessor in nature, intraprocessor, or special, and take the appropriate action.

3.1.5.1 Executive Message Handler (EXMES or EXMSG) - EXMES shall receive from the ECM processing routine the address of an executive message in the X-register. EXMES shall simply:

1. Disable interrupts
2. Call XMES to do the actual message processing
3. Enable interrupts
4. Return to calling routine

3.1.5.2 Executive Message Processing (XMES) - XMES shall be the message switching routine of the Executive message handler. XMES shall only be called from the control software (EXEC). XMES shall be driven by two tables:

1. MTAB, the message routing table, and
2. PTAB, the message priority table.

There shall be an entry (one 16-bit word) in each of these tables for each Executive message type. XMES shall get the message number from the incoming message and get the corresponding MTAB entry. If the MTAB entry is all ones, the incoming message is destined for another processor (RMP, CP, or AP). EXIPS shall be called to perform the processing to that end. If the MTAB entry is zero, the incoming message is destined for a driver in the same processor. To do the message switching:

1. An MTB shall be obtained from the queue of available MTB's (via a call to GTMN)
2. The incoming message shall be copied to the MTB.
3. The MTB is placed on one of the priority task queues, using the priority obtained from PTAB (call to EXSCD)

If the MTAB entry is not all ones and not zero, it is used as an address to which control shall be sent to do special processing. Special processing shall include:

1. Request (Executive message type 24) and release (Executive message type 25) of MTB's for ECM processing (i. e., Candidate List management in CP, task control block release in AP).

2. Event flag setting/resetting.
 - (a) Alphanumeric update flag setting in the RMP
(Executive message type 18)
 - (b) Display flag setting in the RMP
3. Routing of Executive message type 5 from the RMP to the STE and routing of Executive message type 19 from the CP to the Signal Sorter.

3.1.5.3 MTB Management (GTMN and FRMN) - The memory blocks used for intraprocessor task scheduling and messages (MTB's) shall be controlled by the Get Main (GTMN) and Free Main (FRMN) subroutines. The MTB's shall be linked by EXINT with forward pointers to the next MTB to form a queue of available MTB's. GTMN uses the start of queue pointer (XSTR) to remove MTB's from the free queue. FRMN uses the end of queue pointer (XEND) to return MTB's to the free queue.

3.1.6 Executive Interprocessor Communication (EXIPR, EXIPS)

EXIPR and EXIPS shall have the primary function of conducting all interprocessor communication between the resource, analysis, and classification processors.

This process shall be accomplished in the following manner. A copy of EXIPR and EXIPS shall be resident in each of the above specified processors. Communication buffers shall be established in each of the common memories between processors. The buffers shall be segmented into message control blocks (MCB's). The MCB's shall be linked via a linked list.

The MCB's are allocated upon demand with a get MCB request (call to GTMNC) and returned to free status via a free MCB request (call to FRMNC).

3.1.6.1 Interprocessor Communication Receiver (EXIPR) - EXIPR shall determine whether there are any messages for transfer by checking the poll flags for each communication buffers. If there are no messages, i.e., the poll flags are clear - the routine returns. If there are messages to transfer (indicated by a non-zero poll):

1. The pointer to the first MCB shall be loaded.
2. The poll shall be decremented.
3. The message shall be processed by calling XMES.
4. The next link shall be examined. If the next link is not zero, the above steps shall be repeated until a zero link is encountered.
5. The MCB shall be returned to free storage (via a call to FRMNC).

3.1.6.2 Interprocessor Communication Sender (EXIPS) - EXIPS shall have the responsibility of directing messages from one of the three SC processors (RMP, CP, or AP) to either of the other two. EXIPS shall be driven by the Message/Processor Table (SMSPC). SMSPC shall have one 16-bit word entry for each Executive message type. The contents of each entry shall be used to decide to which processor the incoming message is to be sent. For example, in the RMP, a 0-entry directs a message to the CP and 1-entry directs it to the AP.

After the destination processor has been selected, EXIPS shall request the allocation of the appropriate MCB and the message shall be copied into it. The poll is checked:

If zero: The pointer is loaded with the MCB's address.
 The poll is incremented by one.

If non-zero: The address of the current MCB is placed in the
 contents of the address indicated by the next link
 location. The poll is incremented.

Control is returned to the caller.

An example of one direction of the interprocessor communication algorithm is shown in Figure 3a.

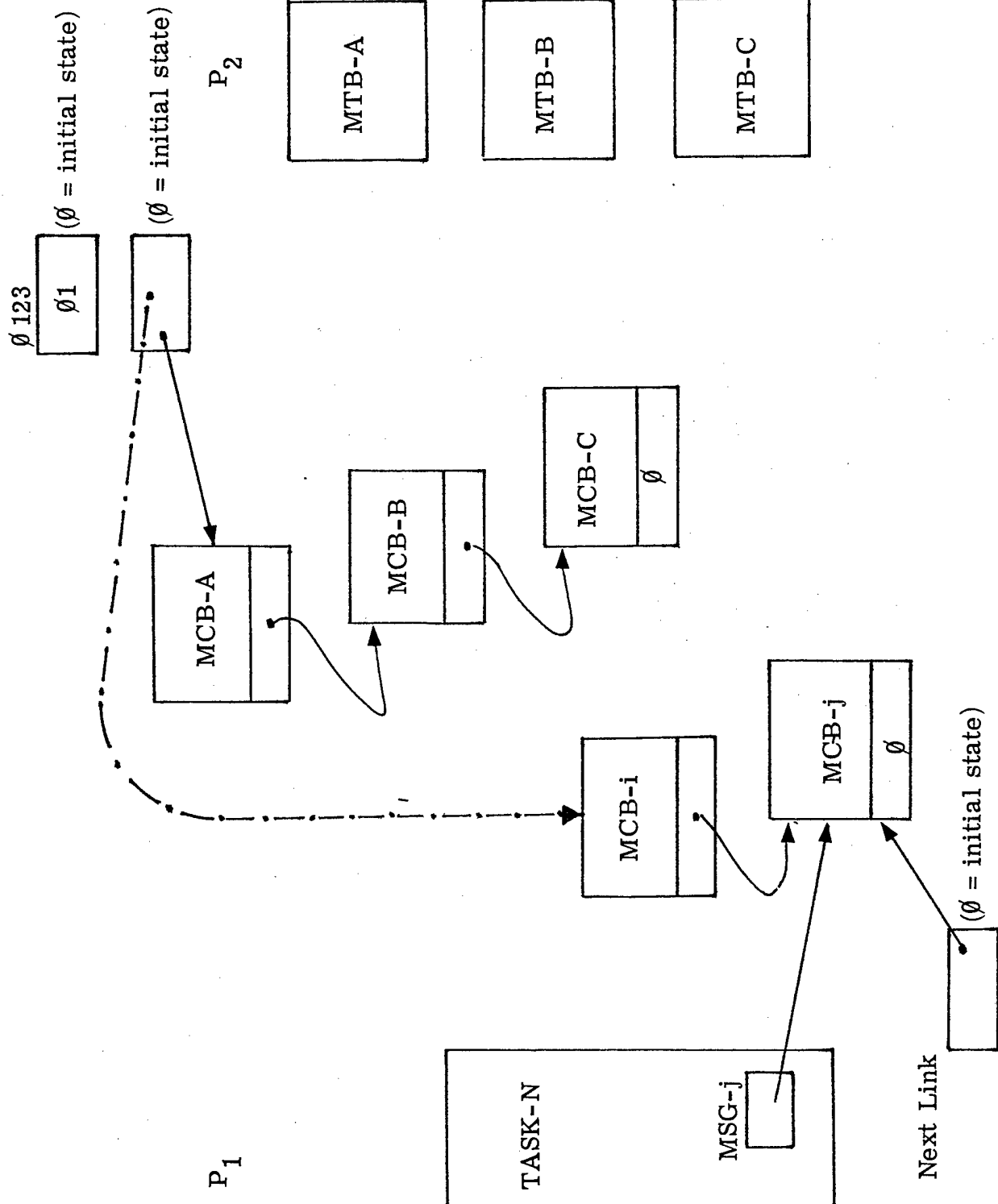


Figure 3a. Interprocessor Communication Example

3.1.6.3 MCB Management (GTMNC and FRMNC) - The memory blocks used for interprocessor communication (MCB's) shall be controlled by the Get Main Common (GTMNC) and Free Main Common (FRMNC) subroutines. The three sets of MCB's (RMP/CP, RMP/AP, and CP/AP) shall be linked by EXINT (RMP EXINT, RMP EXINT, and CP EXINT, respectively) with forward pointers to the next MCB to form a queue of available MCB's. GTMNC uses the start of queue pointer (RCSTR, RASTR, and CASTR, respectively) to remove MCB's from one of the three free queues. FRMNC uses the end of queue pointer (RCEND, RAEND, and CAEND, respectively) to return MCB's to one of the three free queues.

3.1.6.4 STE Message Sender (EXSTE) - EXSTE shall be an RMP Exec routine called by XMES and shall have the responsibility of sending Executive message type 5's to the STE. The messages shall be deposited into a circular buffer defined by the STE.

3.1.6.5 Signal Sorter Message Sender (EXSSS) - EXSSS shall be a CP Exec routine called by XMES and shall have the responsibility of sending Executive message type 19's to the Signal Sorter. The messages shall be deposited in either the high priority or low priority to - Sorter message buffers, depending on the message contents. If the message is sent via the high priority buffer, the CP shall interrupt the Sorter when the message is to be transmitted.

3.2 SUBPROGRAM FLOW DIAGRAMS

The following figures are the subprogram flow diagrams for the IEWS SC Executive function.

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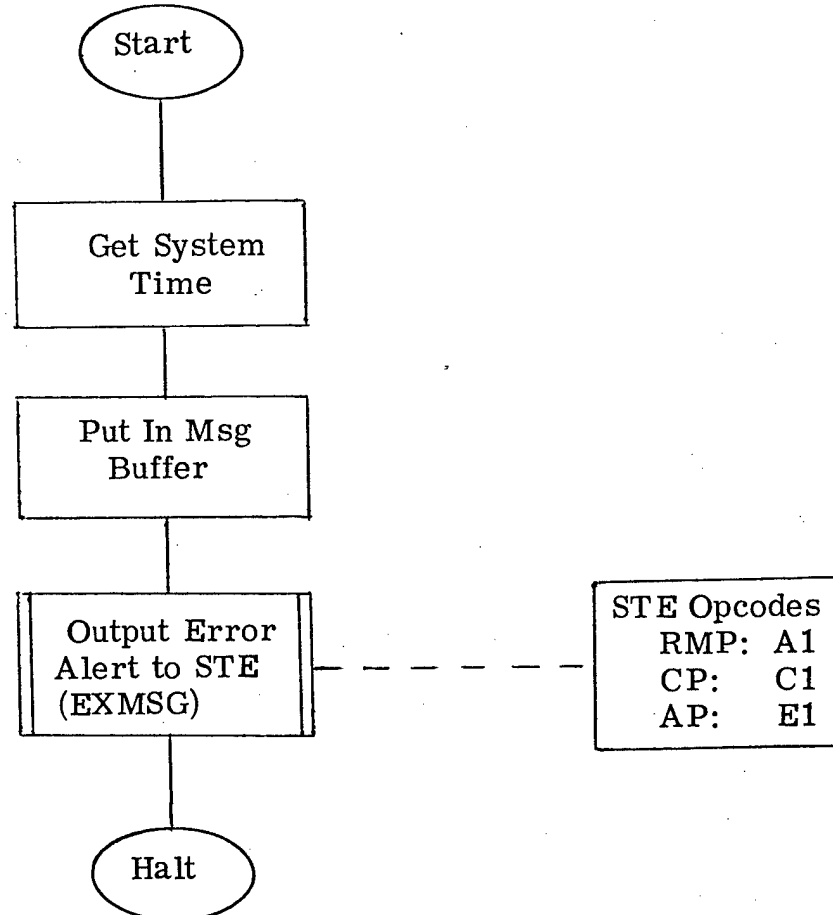
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REV A

NOTUSD



Routine: Unexpected Interrupt Handler
Processors: RMP, CP, AP

RAYTHEON

RAYTHEON COMPANY
LEXINGTON, MASS. 02173

CODE IDENT NO.

49956

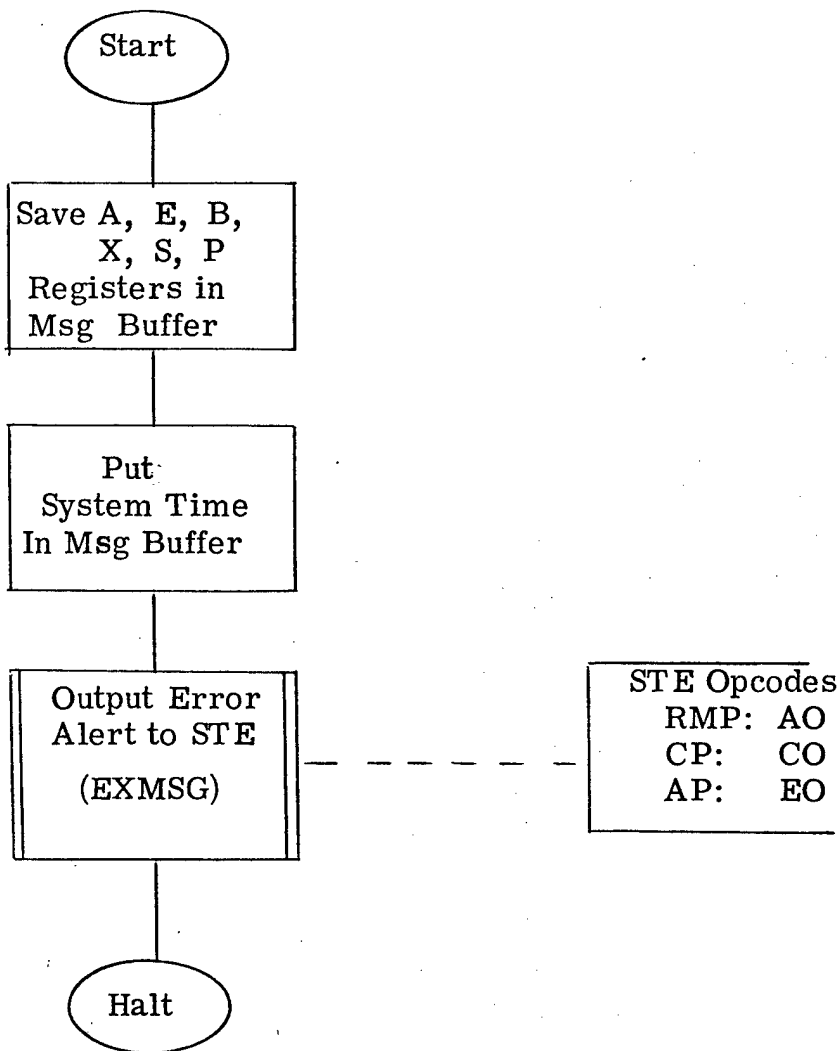
SPEC NO.

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SHEET
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REV A

EXHNG



Routine: Bus Hung Interrupt Handler
Processors: RMP, CP, AP

RAYTHEON

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CODE IDENT NO.

49956

SPEC NO.

53959-GT-0756

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REV A

EXIH

Start

Save
RegistersRequest MTB
(GTMN)Format MTB
Into Exec Msg
Type 26Copy SS Msg
to Remainder of
MTBSchedule SODR
at High Priority
(EXSCD)Clear SS
InterruptClear SS Msg
Flag
WordRestore
RegistersEnable Lo
InterruptInterrupt
Return

Routine: Signal Sorter
High Priority Message
Interrupt Handler
Processor: CP

RAYTHEON

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CODE IDENT NO.

49956

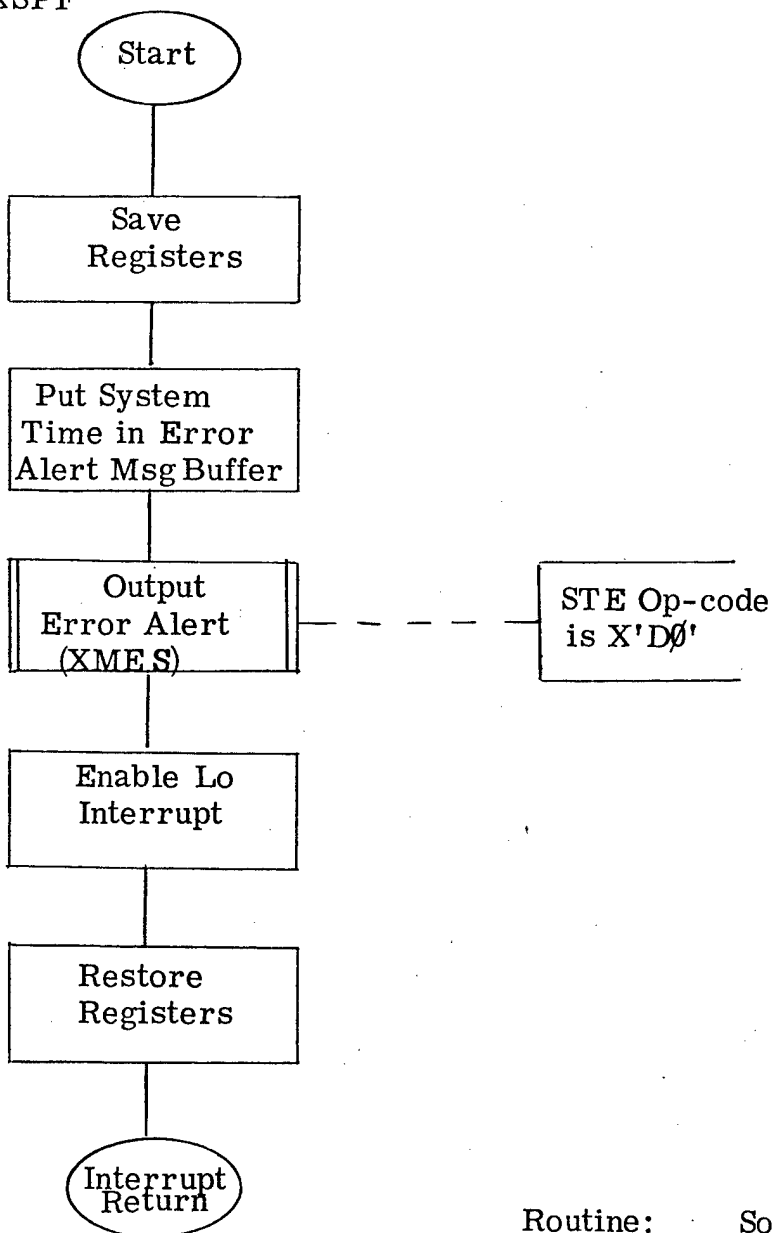
SPEC NO.

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REV A

EXSPF



Routine: Sorter Power
Fail Interrupt
Handler

Processor: CP

RAYTHEONRAYTHEON COMPANY
LEXINGTON, MASS. 02173

CODE IDENT NO.

49956

SPEC NO.

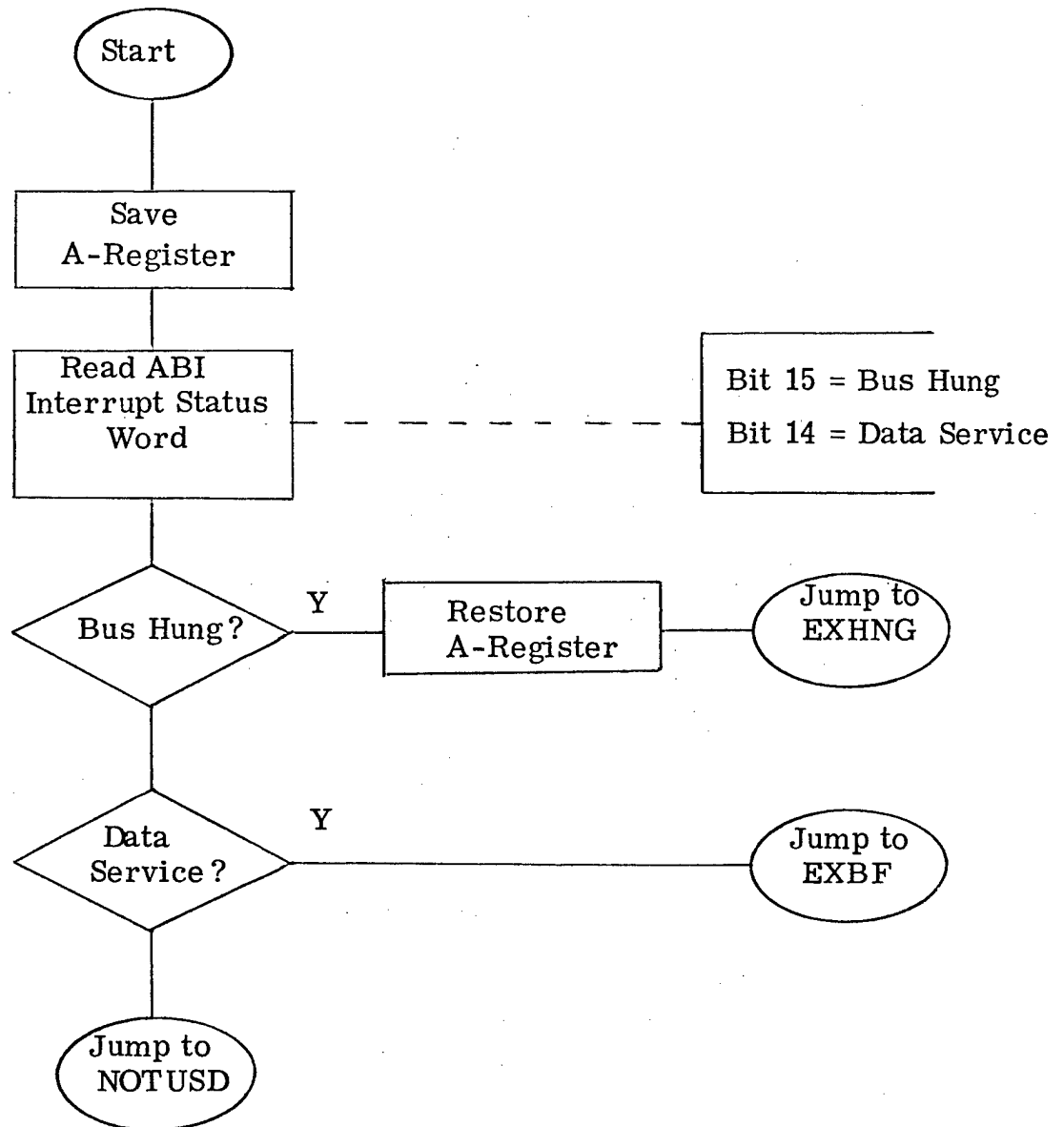
53959-GT-0756

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REV A

EXIH



Routine: Low Level
Interrupt Handler
Processor: AP

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RAYTHEON COMPANY
LEXINGTON, MASS. 02173

CODE IDENT NO.

49956

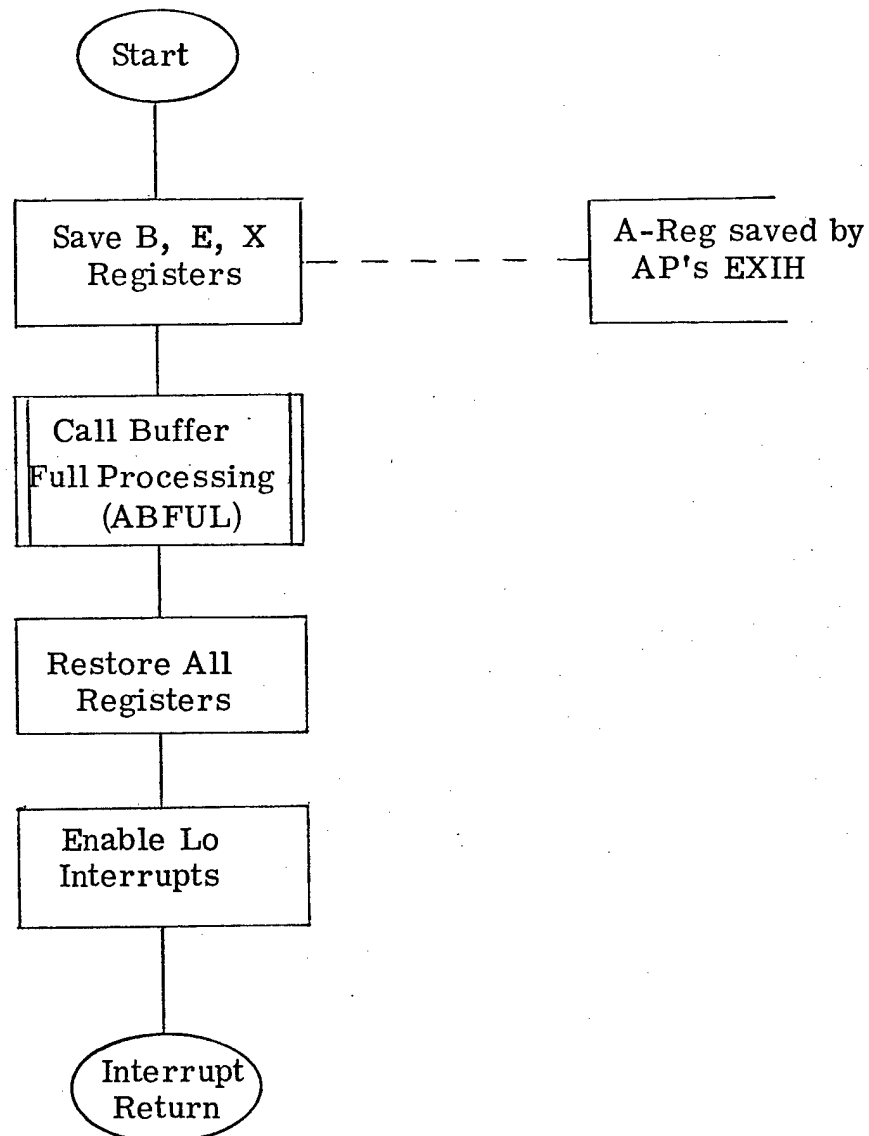
SPEC NO.

53959-GT-0756

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OF 78

REV A

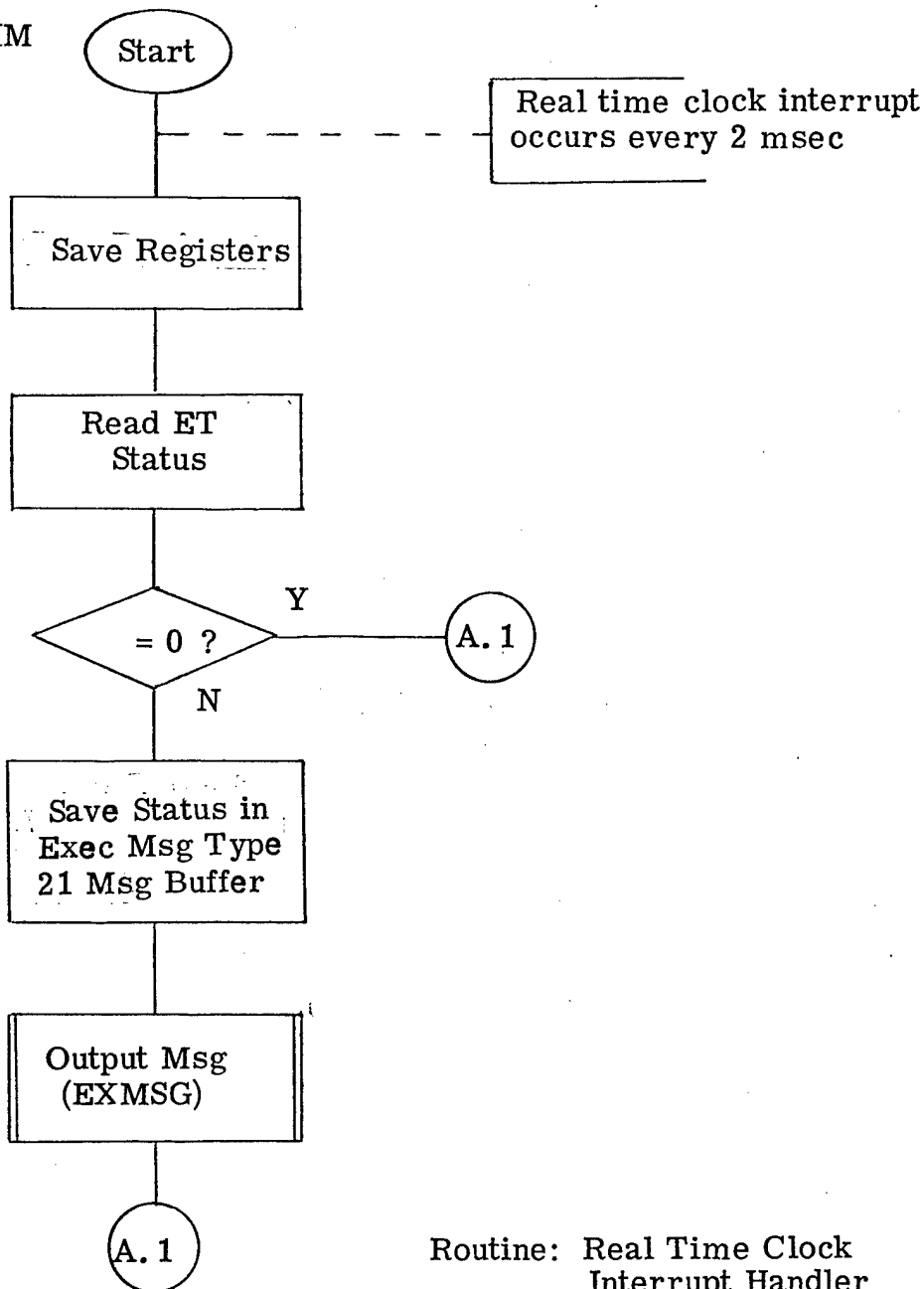
EXBF



Routine: ABI Data Buffer
Full Interrupt
Handler

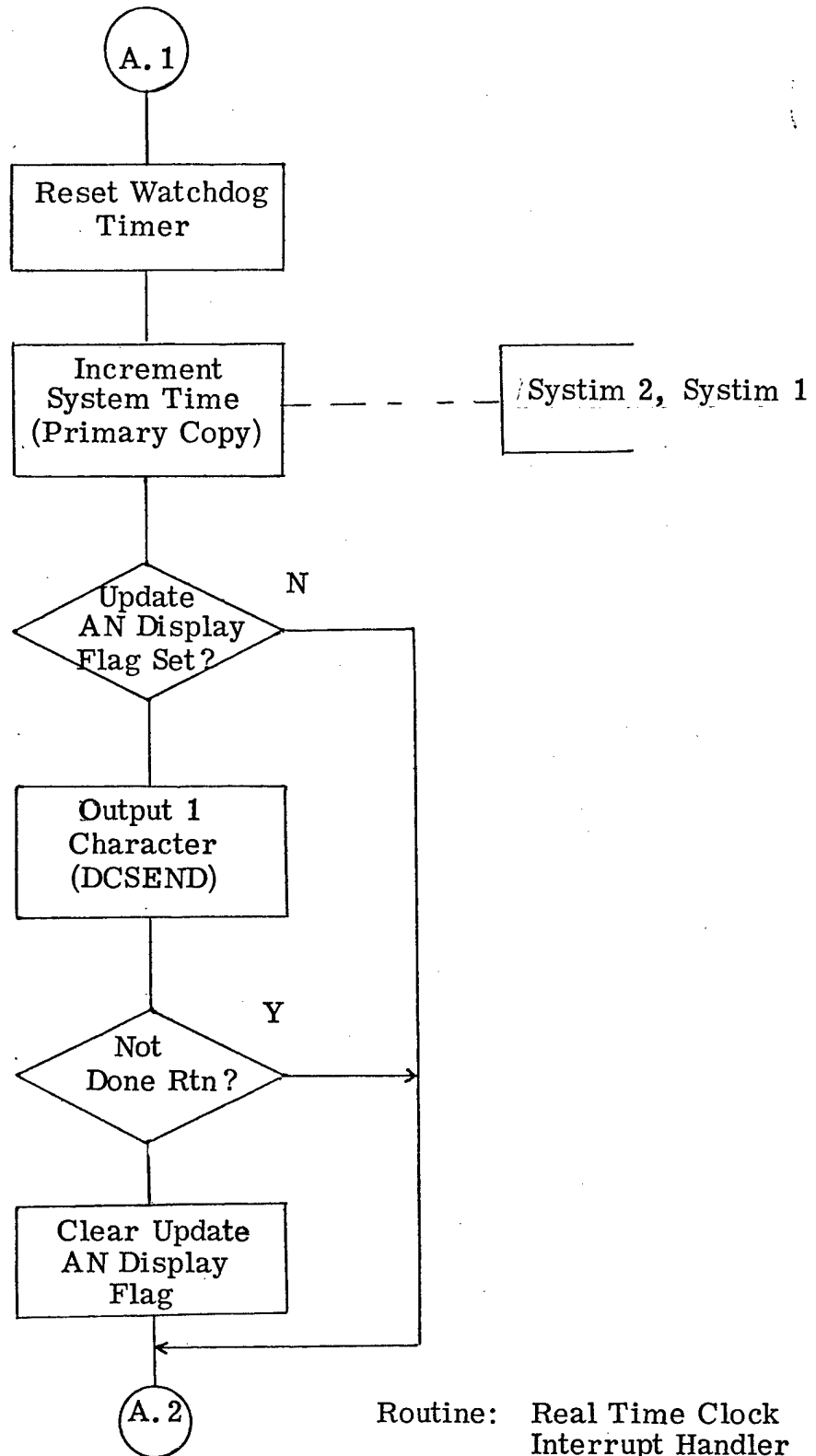
Processors: AP

EXTIM



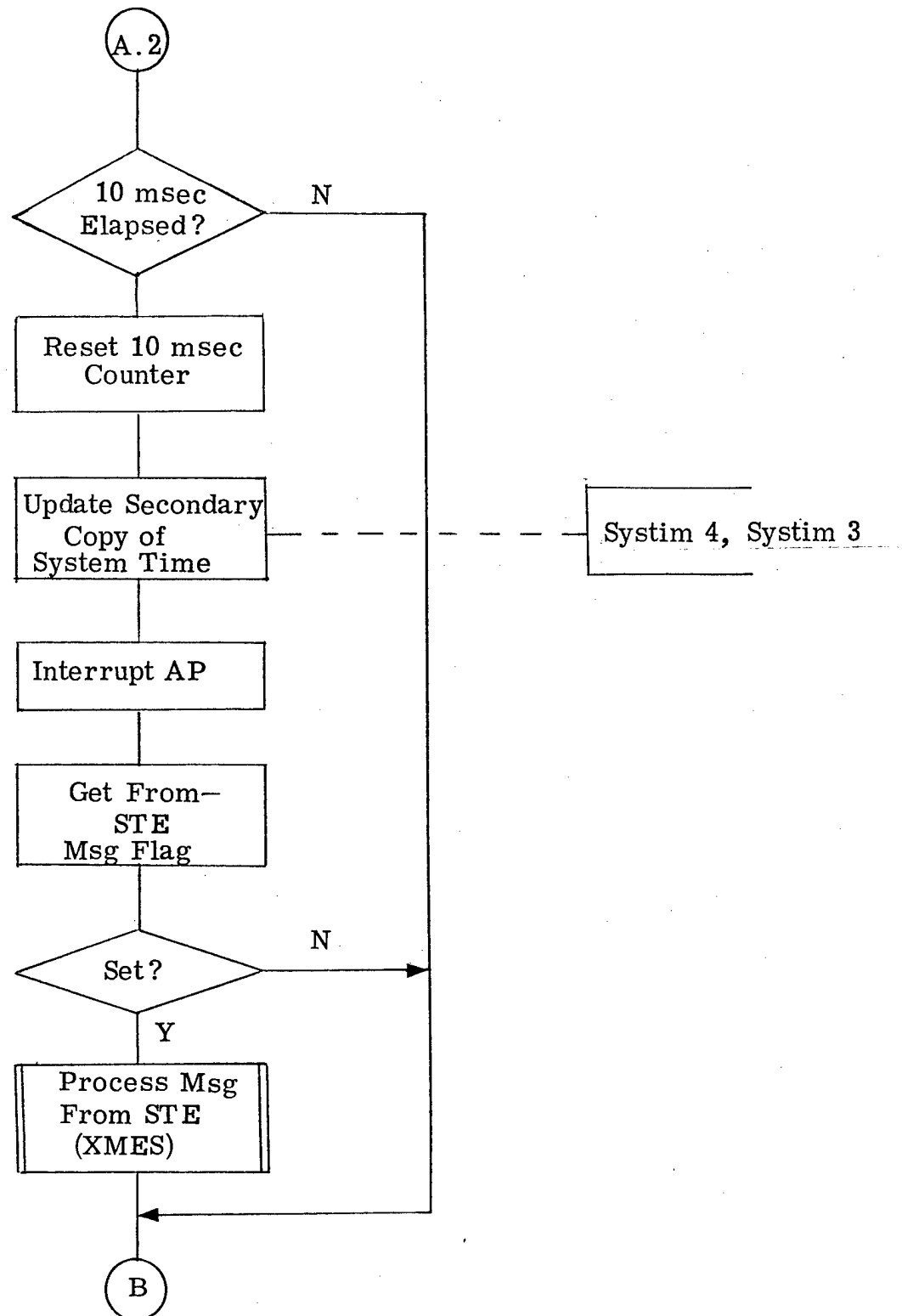
Routine: Real Time Clock
Interrupt Handler

Processor: RMP

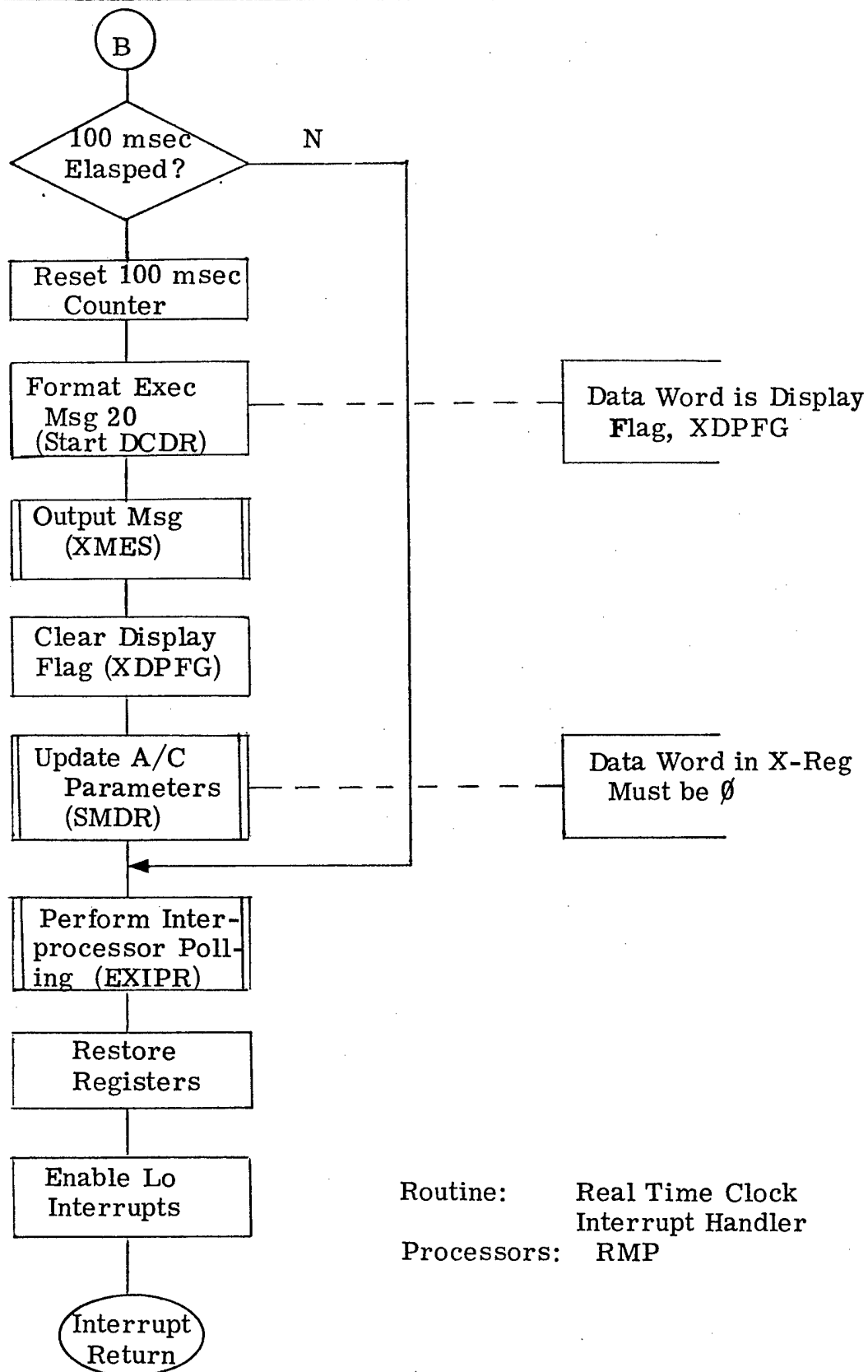


Routine: Real Time Clock
Interrupt Handler

Processors: RMP



Routine: Real Time Clock
Interrupt Handler
Processors: RMP



Routine: Real Time Clock Interrupt Handler
Processors: RMP

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CODE IDENT NO.

49956

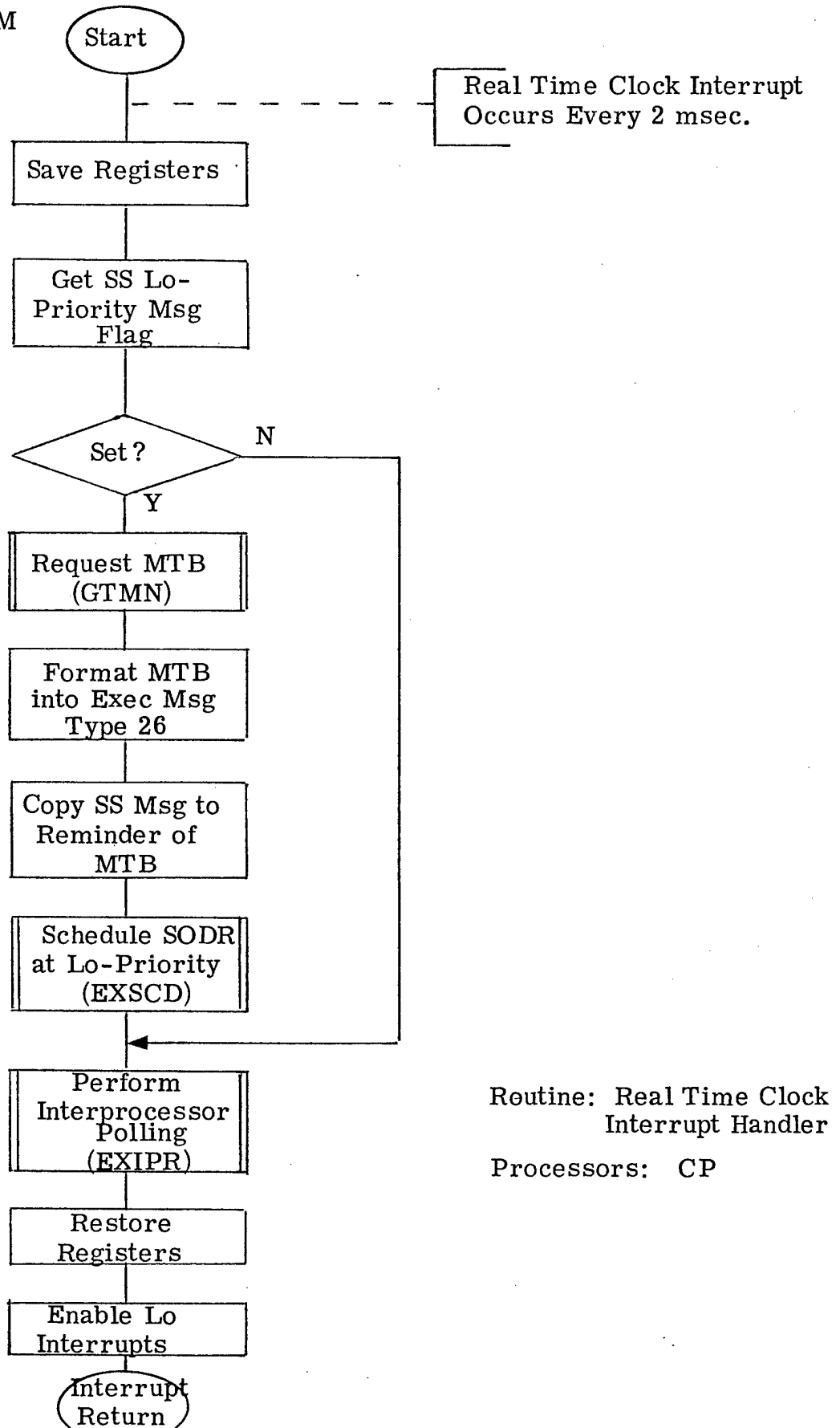
SPEC NO.

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REV A

EXTIM



RAYTHEON

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CODE IDENT NO.

49956

SPEC NO.

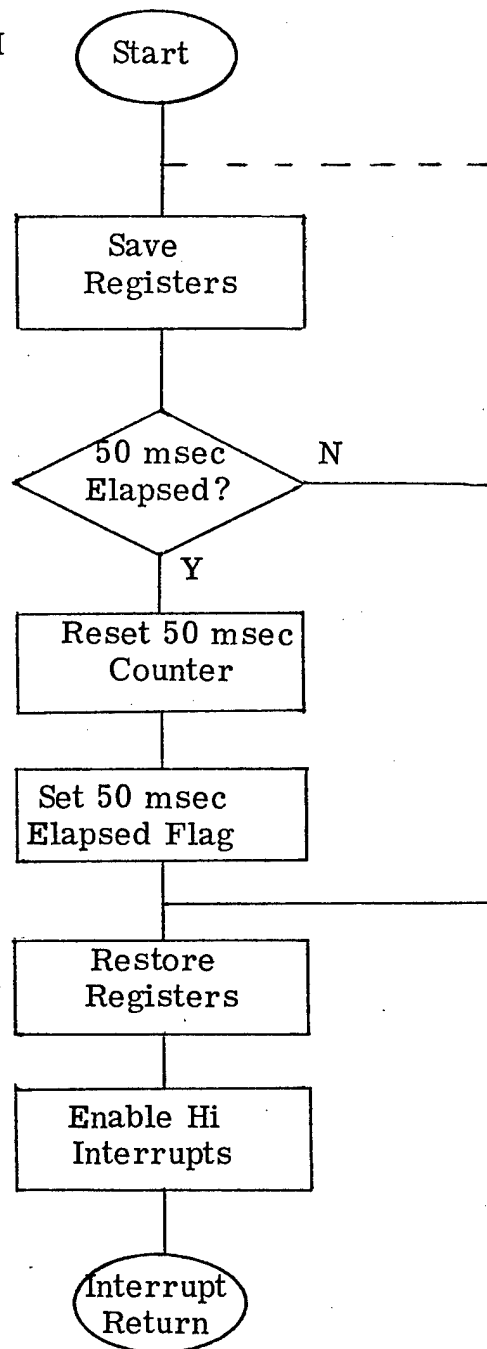
53959-GT-0756

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REV A

EXTIM



Interrupt from RMP
Occurs Every 10 msec

Routine: Simulated Real
Time Clock
Interrupt Handler
(RMP Interrupt)

Processors: AP

RAYTHEON

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LEXINGTON, MASS. 02173

CODE IDENT NO.

49956

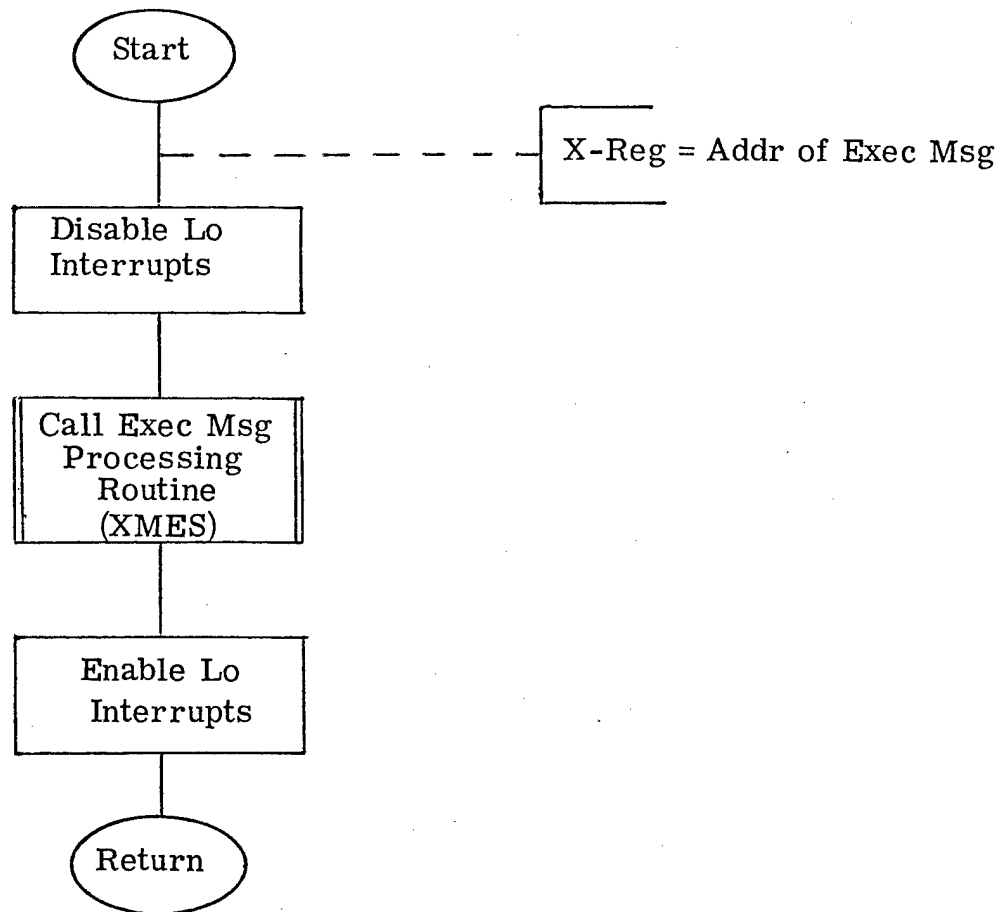
SPEC NO.

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REV A

EXMES



Routine: Executive Message Handler

Processors: RMP, CP, AP

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SPEC NO.

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REV

A

XMES

Start

X-Reg = Addr of Exec Msg

Save
Registers

Get Msg. No.

Get Function
Code from MTAB

= -1

Y

Call
Interprocessor
Sender
(EXIPS)

C

N

= 0

N

Jump to
Special Pro-
cessing Routine

B

Get an MTB
(GTMN)Copy Input
Msg to MTB

Get Msg. No.

Get Priority
from PTABSchedule Task
(EXSCD)

C

Restore
Registers

Return

Routine: Executive Message
Handler

Processors: RMP, CP, AP

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SPEC NO.

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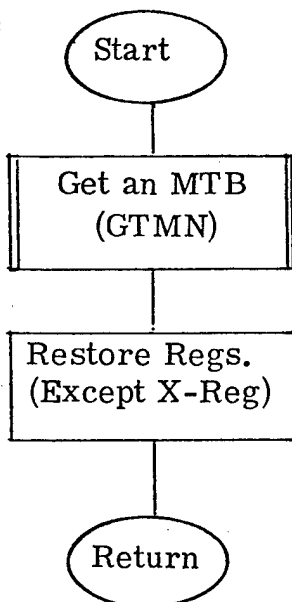
SHEET

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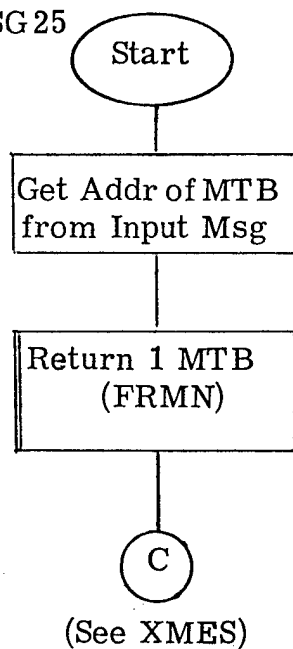
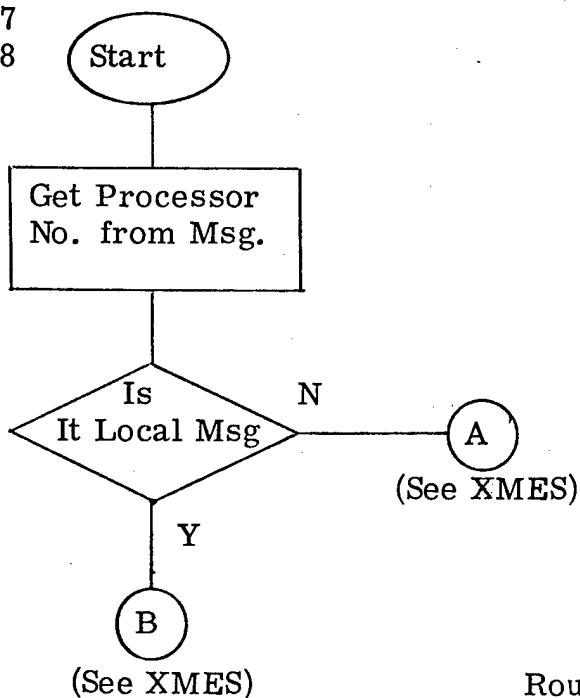
REV

A

MSG 24



MSG 25

MSG 27
MSG 28Routine: Executive Message
Handler Special
Processing

Processors: RMP, CP, AP

RAYTHEON

RAYTHEON COMPANY
LEXINGTON, MASS. 02173

CODE IDENT NO.

49956

SPEC NO.

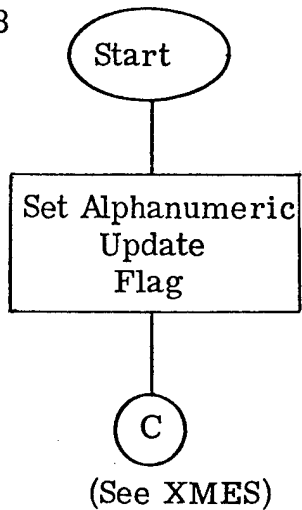
53959-GT-0756

SHEET

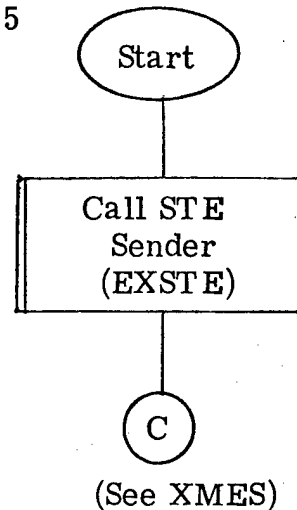
41 OF 78

REV A

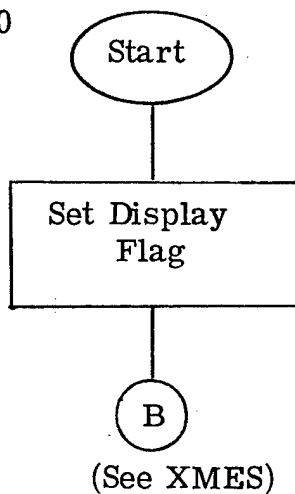
MSG 18



MSG 5



MSG 20



Routine: Executive Message Handler Special Processing

Processors: RMP

RAYTHEON

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LEXINGTON, MASS. 02173

CODE IDENT NO.

49956

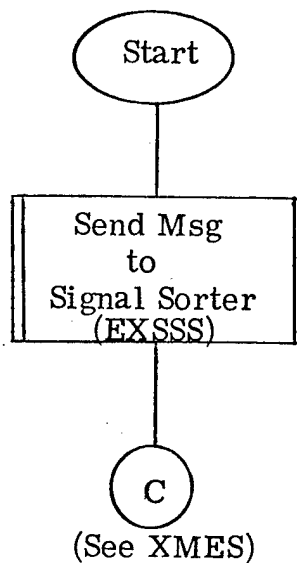
SPEC NO.

53959-GT-0756

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REV A

MSG 19



Routine: Executive Message
Handler Special
Processing

Processors: CP

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CODE IDENT NO.

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SPEC NO.

53959-GT-0756

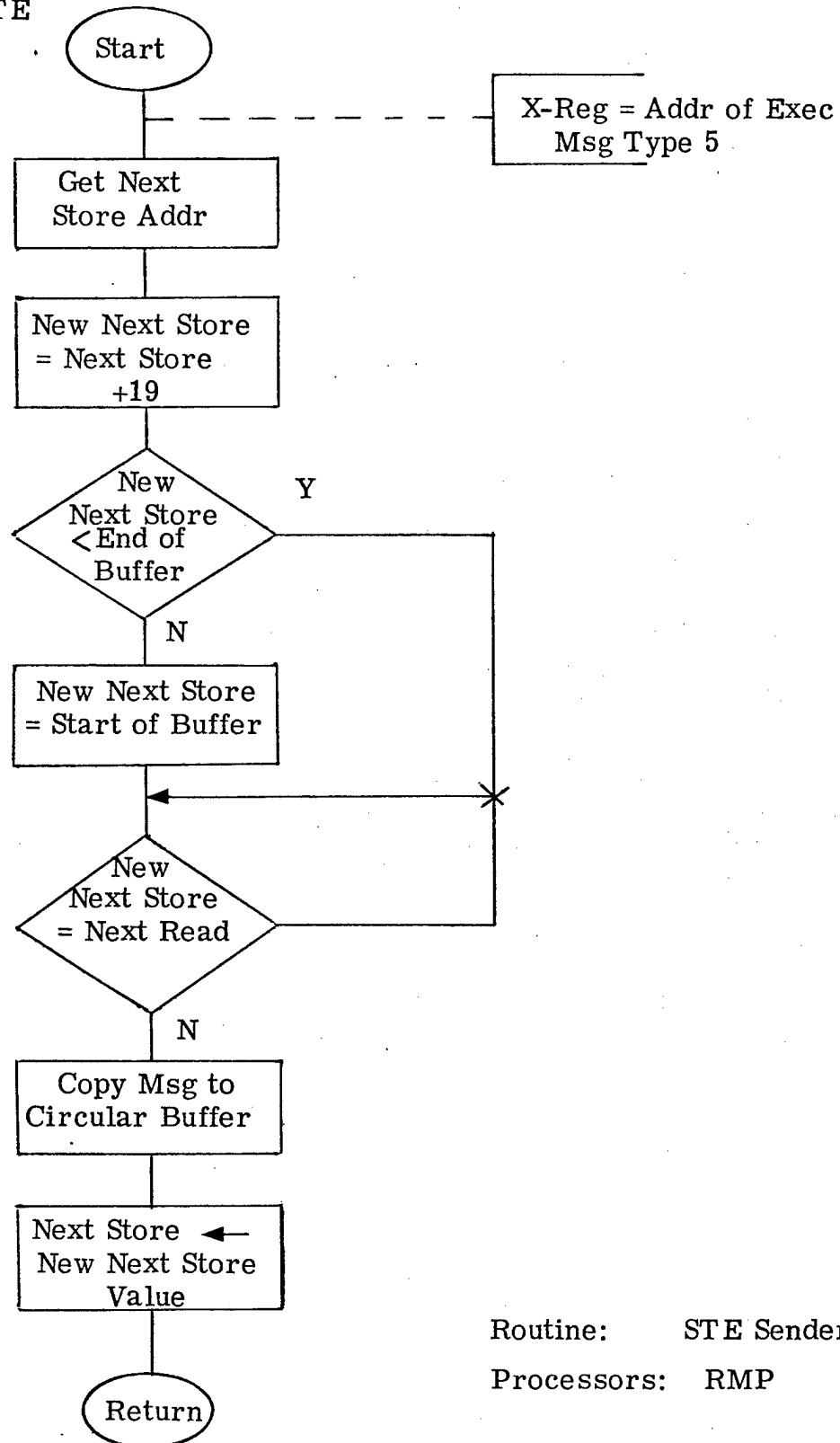
SHEET

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REV

A

EXSTE



Routine: STE Sender

Processors: RMP

EXSSS

Start

X-Reg = Addr of Exec
Msg Type 19

Get SS
Op-Code

Hi Priority Op-Codes
are 1, 2, 3, 4, X' 1B'

Hi
Priority Msg?

N

Y

Get Ptr to Hi-
Priority to-SS
Msg Buffer

Get Ptr to Lo-
Priority to-SS
Msg Buffer

Get Msg Buffer
Flag Word

Neg. ?

Y

N

Copy Exec Msg
Data to Msg
Buffer

Set Msg Flag

Hi
Priority Msg?

N

Y

Interrupt SS

Return

Routine: Signal Sorter
Sender

Processors: CP

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CODE IDENT NO.

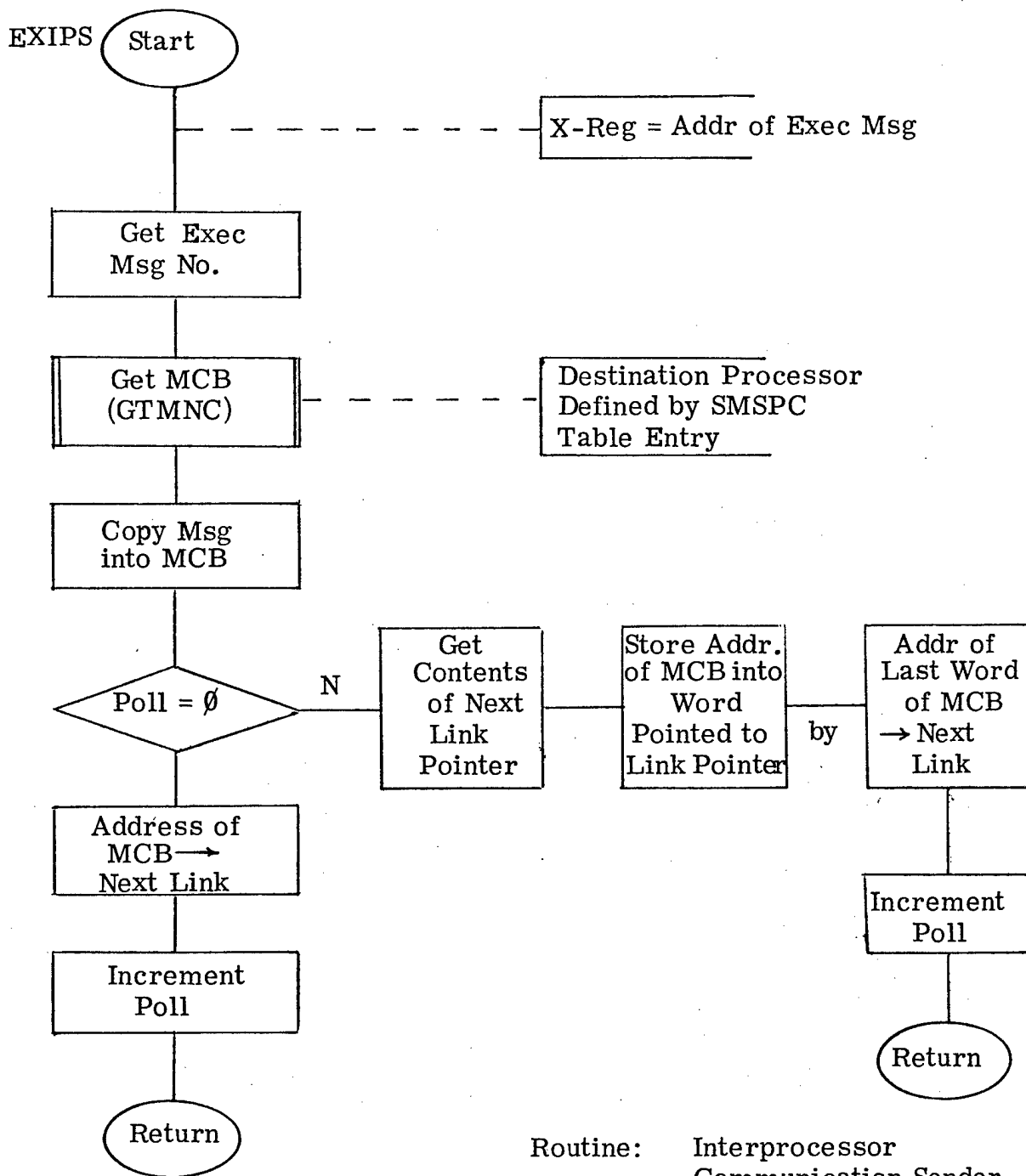
49956

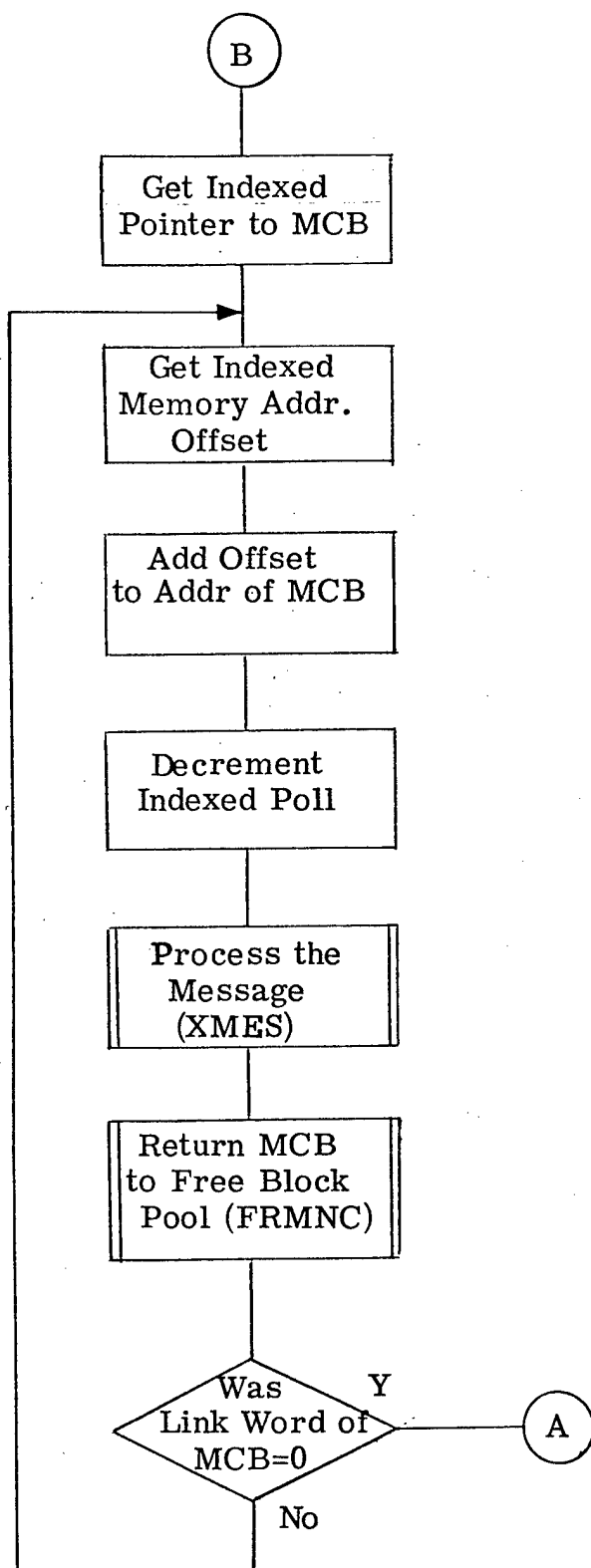
SPEC NO.

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REV A





Routine: Interprocessor
Communication
Receiver

Processors: RMP, CP, AP

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REV A

EXSCD

Start

B-Reg = Priority = 0, 1
X-Reg = Addr of MTB

Save Regs

Clear Word 22
of MTB (fwd ptr)Swap Addr With
Indexed EOQ PtrIndex is the
Priority

Was EOQ = 0

Y

Save Addr
in Indexed
SOQ Ptr

N

Set Previous
Last Entry
fwd ptr = to Addr

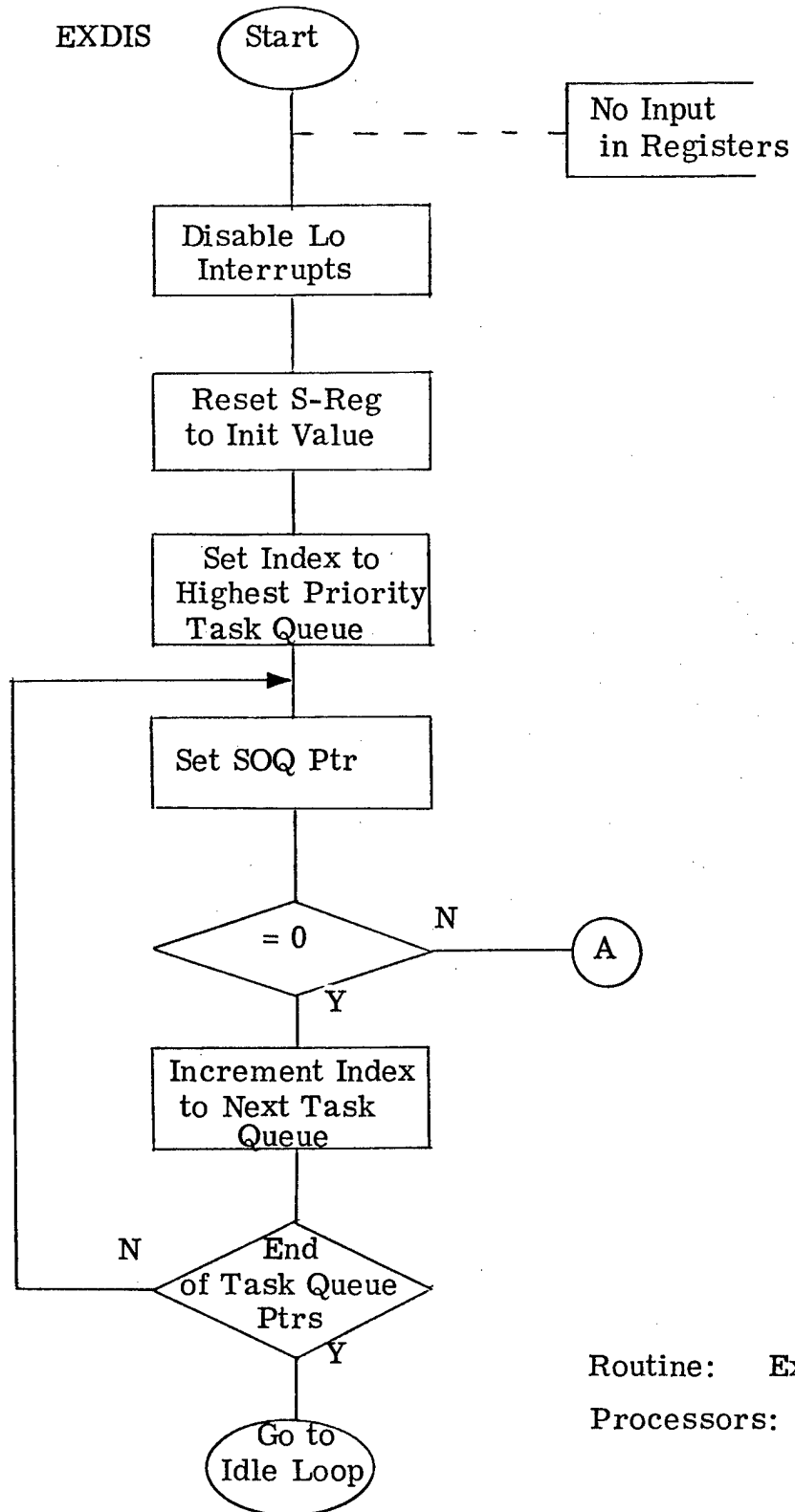
Restore Regs

Subr
Return

Routine: Executive Scheduler

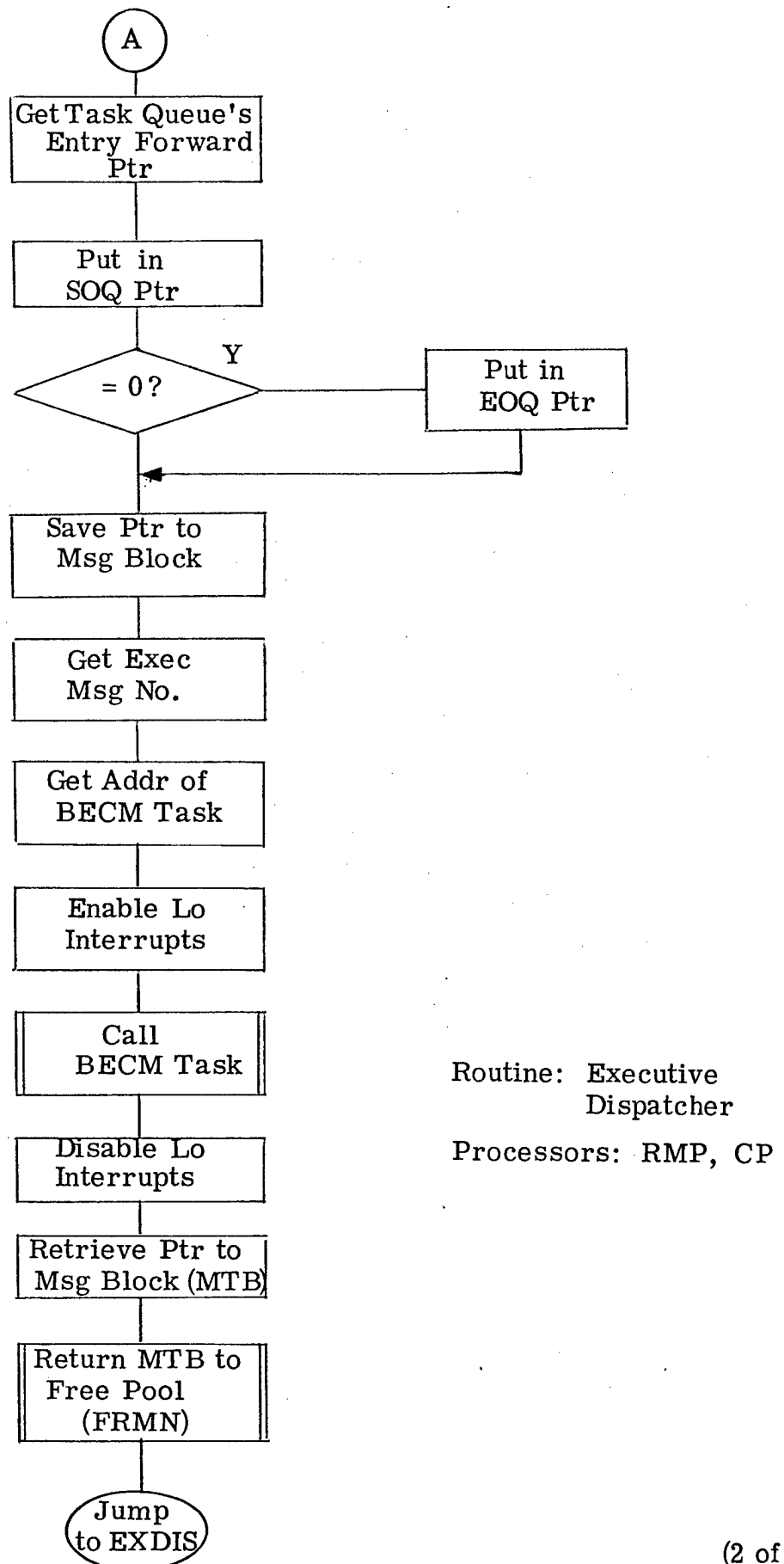
Processors: RMP, CP, AP

EXDIS



Routine: Executive Dispatcher

Processors: RMP, CP



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REV A

EXDS 80

Start

Enable Lo
Interrupts

Nop

Jump
to EXDIS

Routine: Executive Dispatcher
Idle Loop

Processors: RMP

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49956

SPEC NO.

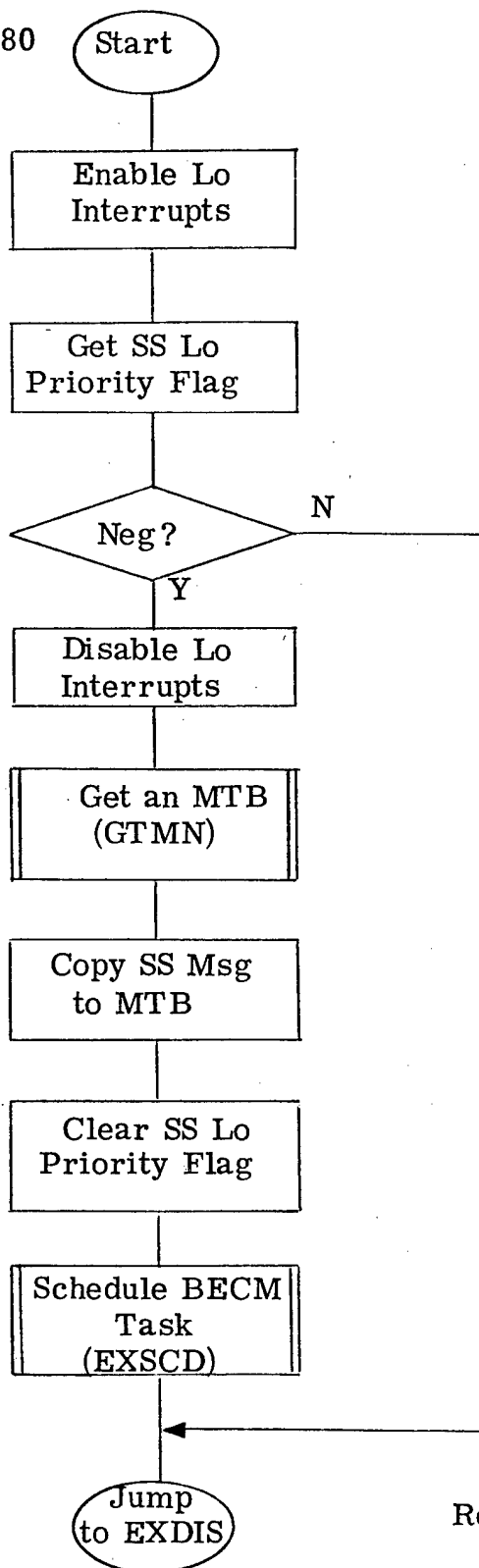
53959-GT-0756

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REV A

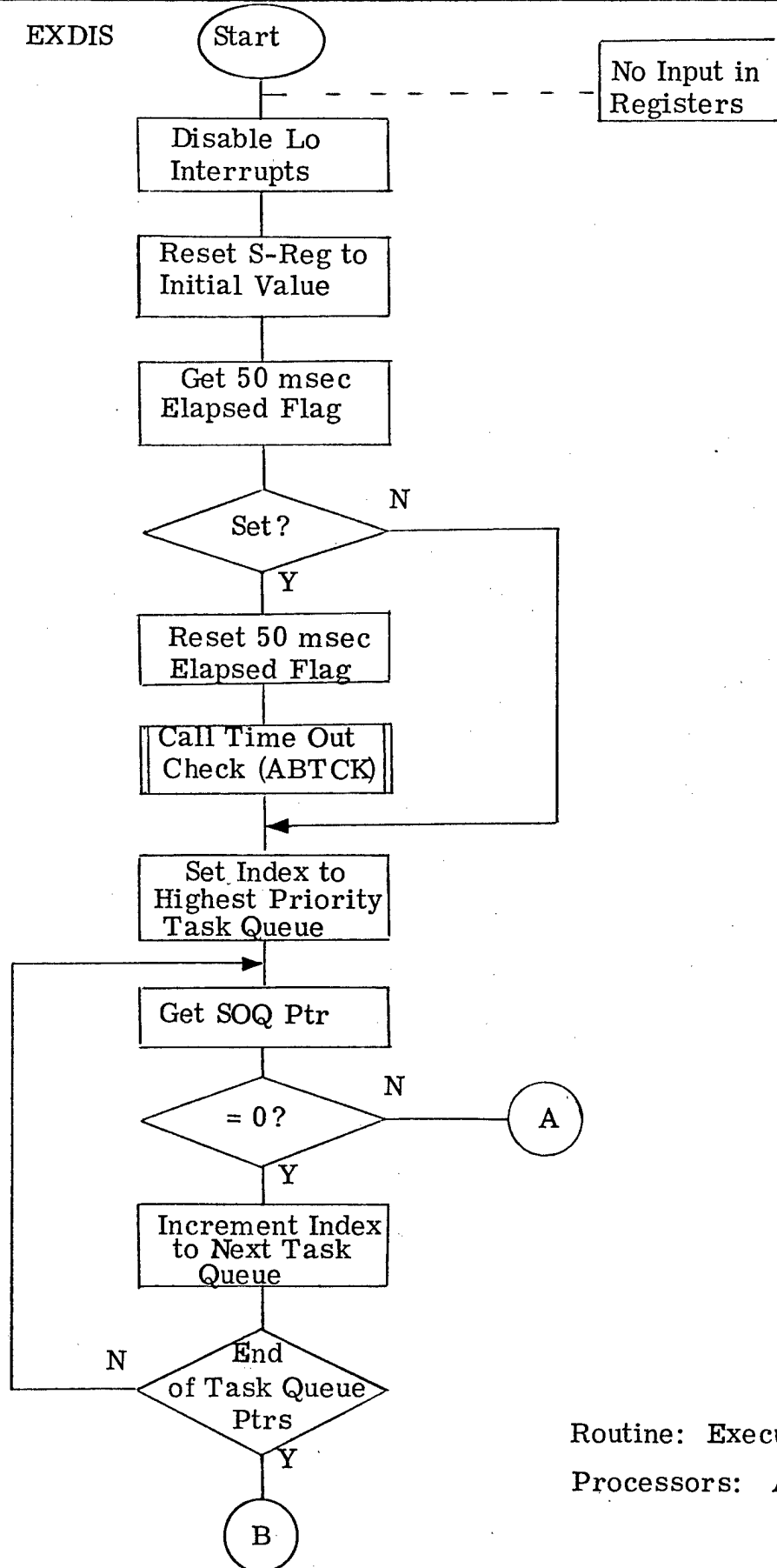
EXDS 80



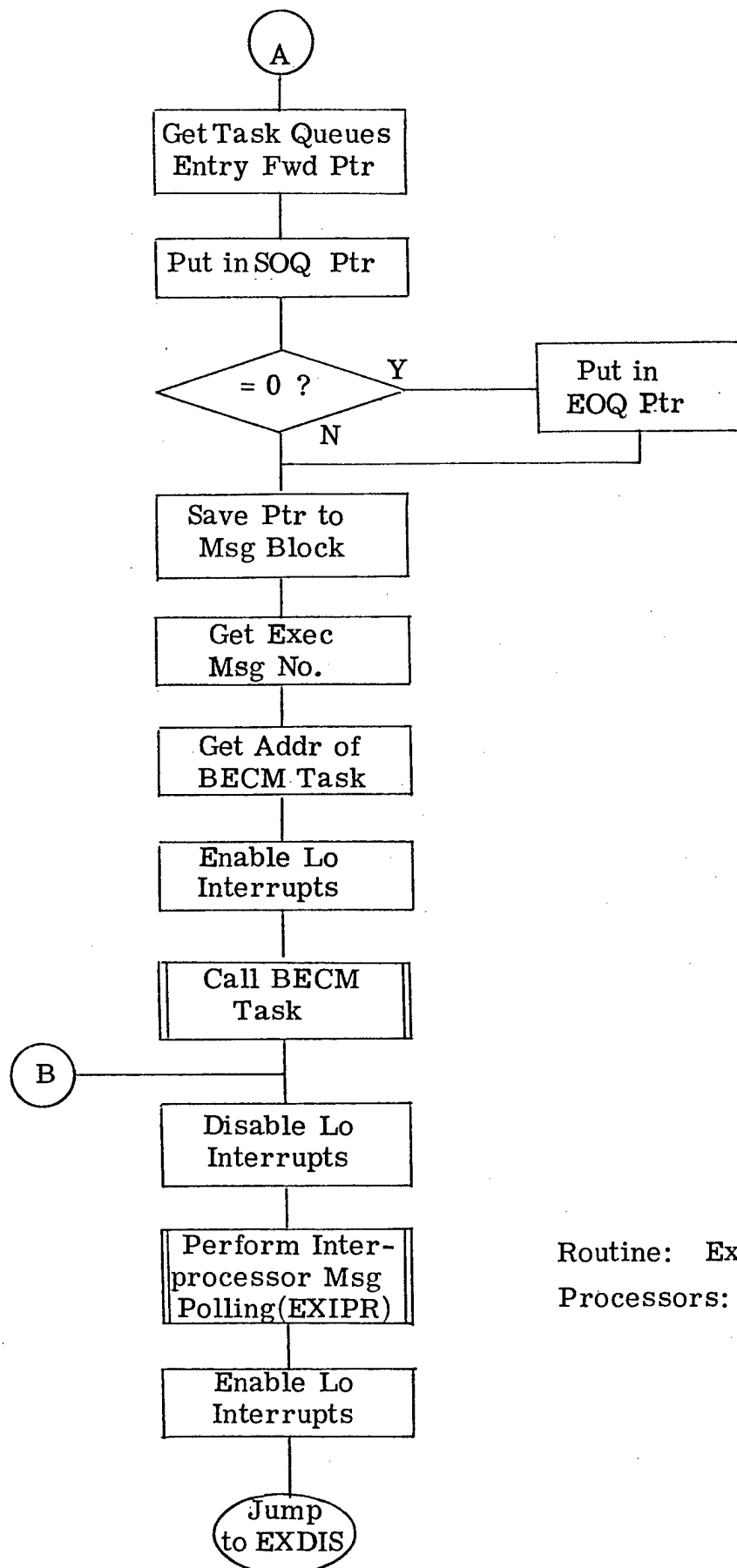
Routine: Executive Dispatcher
Idle Loop

Processors: CP

EXDIS



Routine: Executive Dispatcher
Processors: AP



Routine: Executive Dispatcher
Processors: AP

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REV

A

GTMNC

Start

Save
RegistersRequest
Flag=0

Y

A

N

B

A-Reg = Request Flag
In RMP version, 0 = CP, 1 = AP
" CP " 0 = RMP, 1 = AP
" AP " 0 = RMP, 1 = CP

A/B

Logic is Identical, but
Separate Common Memories
are Addressed

Set Lock Flag For
This ProcessorGet Lock Flag For
Other Processor

Set?

Y

N

Get MCB Free
Queue SOQ Ptr

= 0

Y

Clear Lock
Flag For This
Processor

N

Add Memory
Offset, if
Necessary

Get Fwd Ptr
From MCB

Put In SOQ Ptr

= 0

N

Y

Put in EOQ Ptr

Clear Lock
Flag for This
Processor

Restore Regs.

Return

Routine: Get Main Common
(MCB Request)

Processors: RMP, CP, AP

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SPEC NO.

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REV

A

FRMNC

Start

Save Registers

Request
Flag = 0

Y

A

N

B

A/B

Set Lock Flag For
this ProcessorGet Lock Flag For
Other Processor

Set ?

Y

N

Add Memory Off-
set to B-Reg, X-
Reg if NecessaryGet MCB Free
Queue EOQ Ptr

= 0?

N

Y

Save X-Reg in
SOQ PtrAdd Memory Off-
set to EOQ Ptr
ContentsPut X-Reg Con-
tents in Fwd Ptr
of Old EOQ BlockClear Fwd Ptr of
New EOQ BlockPut B-Reg Contents
in EOQ PtrClear Lock Flag
for this Processor

Restore Regs.

Return

A-Reg = Request Flag

In RMP version, 0 = CP, 1 = AP

" CP " 0 = RMP, 1 = AP

" AP " 0 = RMP, 1 = CP

X-Reg = Addr of 1st returned
blockB-Reg = Addr of last returned
blockLogic is Identical, but Separate
Common Memories are AddressedRoutine: Free Main Common
(MCB Return)

Processors: RMP, CP, AP

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REV

A

GTMN

Start

Save Registers

Get MTB Free
Queue SOQ Ptr

= 0?

Y

Processor Overload
Condition. No re-
covery Attempted in
IEWS, ADM

Get Forward Ptr
from MTB

Put in SOQ Ptr

= 0?

Y

Put in EOQ Ptr

Restore
Registers

Return

Routine: Get Main
(MTB Request)

Processors: RMP, CP, AP

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REV A

FRMN

Start

Save Registers

Get MTB Free
Queue EOQ Ptr

= 0?

N

Save X-Reg
Contents in SOQ
PtrSave X-Reg
Contents in Fwd
Ptr of old EOQ
BlockClear Fwd Ptr of
New EOQ BlockSave B-Reg
Contents in
EOQ Ptr

Restore Regs.

Return

X-Reg = Addr of 1st Re-
turned Block
B-Reg = Addr of Last Re-
turned BlockRoutine: Free Main
(MTB Return)

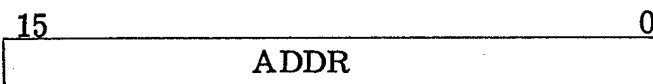
Processors: RMP. CP, AP

3.3 COMPUTER SUBPROGRAM ENVIRONMENT

3.3.1 Tables

3.3.1.1 Executive Task Table -

- a) Table Name: XTASK
- b) Purpose & Type: XTASK shall be used to determine the address of a background ECM processing task when that task is to be dispatched. XTASK is a fixed length table.
- c) Size & Indexing Procedure: 32 entries of one 16-Bit word. All entries shall be referenced by indexed displacement from the start of the table. Index shall be executive message number.
- d) Entry Format:



Field	Description	Units	LSB
ADDR	BECM Task Address	N/A	N/A

3.3.1.2 Message Table -

- a) Table Name: MTAB
- b) Purpose & Type: MTAB shall be used by XMES to identify an executive message when it is received by the Executive (received from BECM processing or interprocessor communication) MTAB is a fixed length table.
- c) Size & Indexing Procedure: 32 entries of one 16-Bit word. All entries shall be referenced by indexed displacement from the start of the table. Index shall be executive message number.

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REV A

d) Entry Format:

15

0

Flag

Field	Description	Units	LSB
Flag	Flag Word 0 means executive message is to be processed locally -1 means message is to be relayed to another processor Otherwise, flag is used as the address of a special processing routine for this message type.	N/A	N/A

3.3.1.3 Message Priority Table -

a) Table Name:

PTAB

b) Purpose & Type:

PTAB shall be used by XMES to determine the priority of an executive message when it has been determined that the message is to be processed locally (i.e., in this processor). PTAB is a fixed length table.

c) Size & Indexing Procedure:

32 entries of one 16-Bit word. All entries shall be referenced by indexed displacement from the start of the table. Index shall be executive message number.

d) Entry Format

15

0

Priority

Field	Description	Units	LSB
Priority	Executive message priority for a given processor. IEWS, ADM has 2 priorities: 0 = high 1 = low	N/A	N/A

3.3.2 Variables

None.

3.3.3 Constants

None.

3.3.4 Flags

None.

3.3.5 Indices

None.

3.3.6 Common Data Base References

The RMP Initializer (EXINT) shall set the following common data base items to the initial value:

AZ	Azimuth Link Table
JS	Jam Status File
RF	Resource File
CD	Display/Control Status File
PI	Polar Image File
AN	Alphanumeric Image File

The CP Initializer shall set the following common data base items to the initial value:

ATC	Amplitude Threshold Constant
ETF	Emitter Track File

The AP Initializer shall call subroutine AB2IN to set common data base items to the initial value (see CSDD, ABI Management, IEWS, ADM, Document No. 53959-GT-0754).

3.3.7 Queues

3.3.7.1 Priority Task Queues

- a) Purpose: - The task queues shall be used to hold the backlog of requests for ECM processing in a given processor. There shall be two queues: high priority and low priority. Initially, these queues shall be empty.
- b) Queue Definition Variables: - Each of the two task queues shall be defined by a start of queue (SOQ) pointer (XSOQ \emptyset , XEOQ \emptyset for the high priority and XSOQ1 and XEOQ1 for the low priority). The SOQ pointer contains the address of the oldest entry in the queue or \emptyset if the queue is empty. The EOQ pointer contains the address of the most recent addition to the queue or \emptyset .
- c) Entry Format: - See Figure 4.

3.3.7.2 Free MTB Queue

- a) Purpose: - The Free MTB Queue shall be used to hold the surplus of memory blocks used for dynamic local storage allocation in a given processor. Initially this queue shall contain all memory blocks available for use in a processor.
- b) Queue Definition Variables: - SOQ pointer shall be XSTR. EOQ pointer shall be XEND. XBUF shall be the low memory address of the memory allocated for MTB's.
- c) Entry Format: - See Figure 5.

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REV

A

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Word 0	MSGNO															
1	NWDS															
2	DATA															
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
.																
.																
.																
.																
.																
20																
21	FWD PTR															

Figure 4a. Task Queue Entry & Interprocessor Message
Transfer Queue Entry

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REV A

Field	Description	Units	LSB
MSGNO	Executive Message Number	N/A	1
NWDS	Number of Words of Data	N/A	1
DATA	Executive Message Data	N/A	N/A
FWDPTR	Address of Next Entry in Queue or \emptyset if this Entry is EOQ Entry	N/A	N/A

Figure 4b. Task Queue Entry & Interprocessor
Message Transfer Queue Entry

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REV A

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Word 0	FWDPTR															
1	NOT USED															
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
.																
.																
.																
.																
.																
.																
.																
21																

Figure 5a. Free MTB or MCB Entry

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REV A

Field	Description	Units	LSB
FWDPTR	Address of Next Entry in Queue or \emptyset , if this is EOQ Entry	N/A	N/A

Figure 5b. Free MTB or MCB entry.

3.3.7.3 Free MCB Queue

- a) Purpose: - The Free MCB Queue shall be used to hold the surplus of memory blocks used for dynamic interprocessor storage allocation. MCB's shall be used for interprocessor message storage. Initially, this queue shall contain all memory blocks available for interprocessor use.
- b) Queue Definition Variables: -
- 1) RMP/CP Free MCB Queue - RCSTR (= CRSTR) shall be the SOQ pointer. RCEND (= CREND) shall be the EOQ pointer. RCCOM (=CRCOM) shall be the low memory address of the memory allocated for RMP/CP MCB's.
 - 2) RMP/AP Free MCB Queue - RASTR (=ARSTR) shall be the SOQ pointer. RAEND (=AREND) shall be the EOQ pointer. RACOM (= ARCOM) shall be the low memory address of the memory allocated for RMP/AP MCB's.
 - 3) CP/AP Free MCB Queue - CASTR (= ACSTR) shall be the SOQ pointer. CAEND (= ACEND) shall be the EOQ pointer. CACOM (= ACCOM) shall be the low memory address of the memory allocated for CP/AP MCB's.
- c) Entry Format: -
See Figure 5.

3.3.7.4 Interprocessor Message Transfer Queue

- a) Purpose: - This queue shall provide the capability to bundle messages during the interprocessor communication process. This communication shall be conducted on a polling (non-interrupt) basis and these queues provide multibuffering of messages. There shall be six of these queues:

- 1) RMP to CP
- 2) CP to RMP
- 3) RMP to AP
- 4) AP to RMP
- 5) CP to AP
- 6) AP to CP

Initially, these queues shall be empty.

- b) Queue Definition Variables: - For each of the six queues there shall be a polling flag (RCPOL, CRPOL, RAPOL, ARPOL, CAPOL, and ACPOL, respectively) and a chain pointer (RCPTR, CRPTR, RAPTR, ARPTR, CAPTR, and ACPTR, respectively). The polling flag shall be a count of the messages in the queue or \emptyset if it is empty. The poll is incremented by the sender and decremented by the receiver. The chain pointer shall be the address of the first MCB in the queue.
- c) Entry Format: -
See Figure 4.

3.4 INPUT/OUTPUT FORMATS

Executive message formats used for intraprocessor and inter-processor communication shall be as specified in the CDBDD, 53959-GT-0751. Sorter message formats shall be as specified in the System Controller - Sorter ICD, 53959-JK-1002.

3.5 REQUIRED SYSTEM LIBRARY SUBROUTINES

None.

3.6 CONDITIONS FOR INITIALIZATION

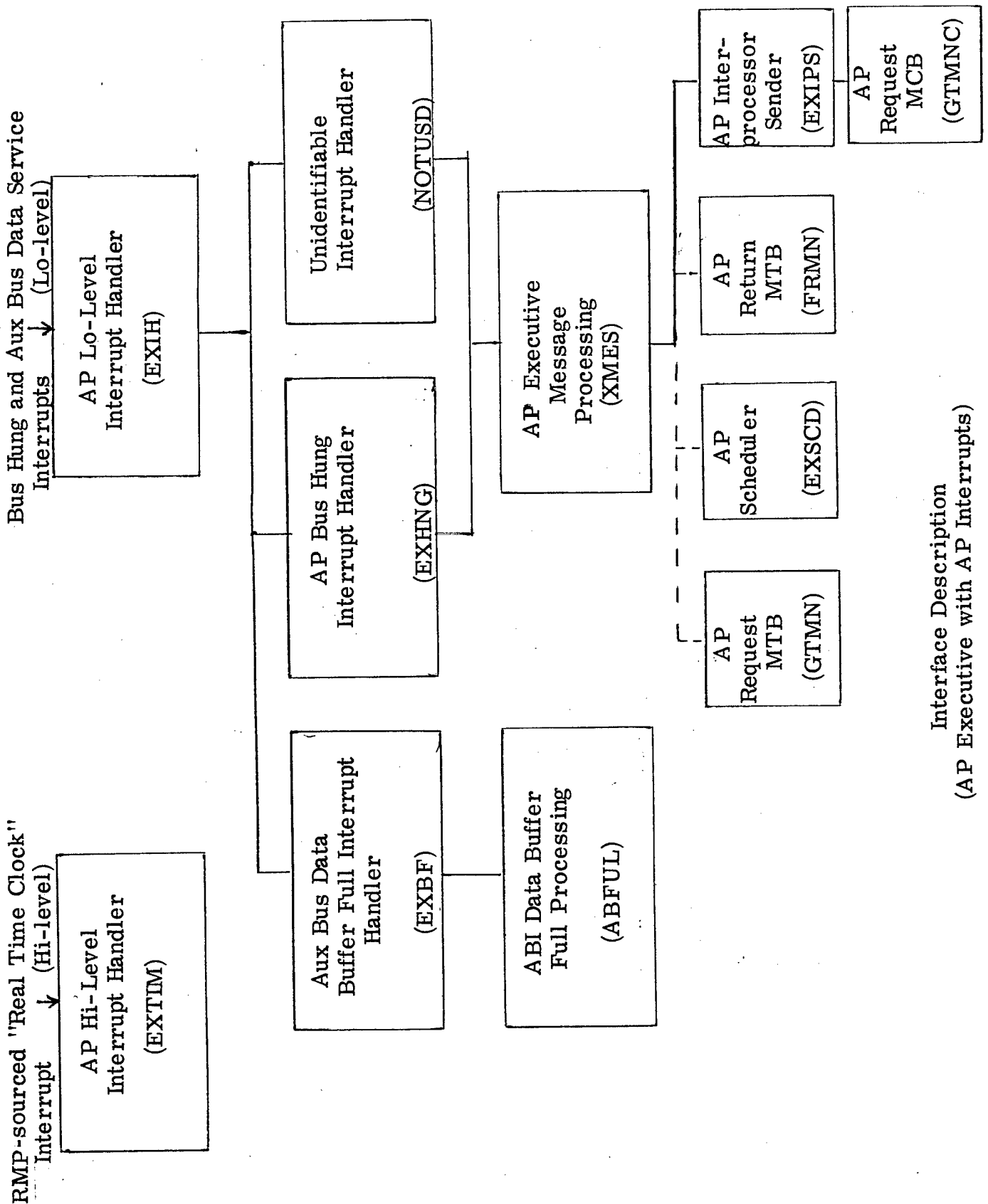
The RMP, CP, and AP shall perform all initialization of IEWS, with the exception of the initialization of the circular buffer used as a depository for STE-destined messages.

3.7 SUBPROGRAM LIMITATIONS

An excessive backlog of ECM processing requests will result in the exhaustion of the pool of MTB storage blocks and in effect will terminate all processing in the processor in which overloading occurred. No attempt at recovery shall be made in IEWS, ADM.

3.8 INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

The following diagrams describe the interface of the Executive with other IEWS operational software and also the relationship of the various Executive subfunctions.



Interface Description
(AP Executive with AP Interrupts)

Bus Hung Interrupt

Sorter Power Fail Interrupt

CP Bus Hung Interrupt
Handler
(EXHNG)

SS Power Fail
Interrupt Handler
(EXSPF)

CP Executive
Message Processing
(XMES)

CP
Request
MTB
(GTMN)

CP
Scheduler
(EXSCD)

CP
Return
MTB
(FRMN)

CP Inter-
processor
Sender
(EXIPS)

Signal
Sorter
Sender
(EXSSS)

CP
Request
MCB
(FTMNC)

Interface Description
(CP Executive with CP Interrupts)

Sorter Hi-Priority Message
Interrupt

SS Hi-Priority Msg
Interrupt Handler
(EXIH)

Real Time Clock Interrupt

CP Real Time Clock
Interrupt Handler
(EXTIM)

CP
Request
MTB
(GTMN)

CP
Scheduler
(EXSCD)

CP Inter-
processor
Receiver
(EXIPR)

CP
Request
MTB
(GTMN)

CP
Scheduler
(EXSCD)

CP Executive
Message Pro-
cessing
(XMES)

CP Return
MCB
(FRMNC)

CP
Request
MTB
(GTMN)

CP
Scheduler
(EXSCD)

CP
Return
MTB
(FRMN)

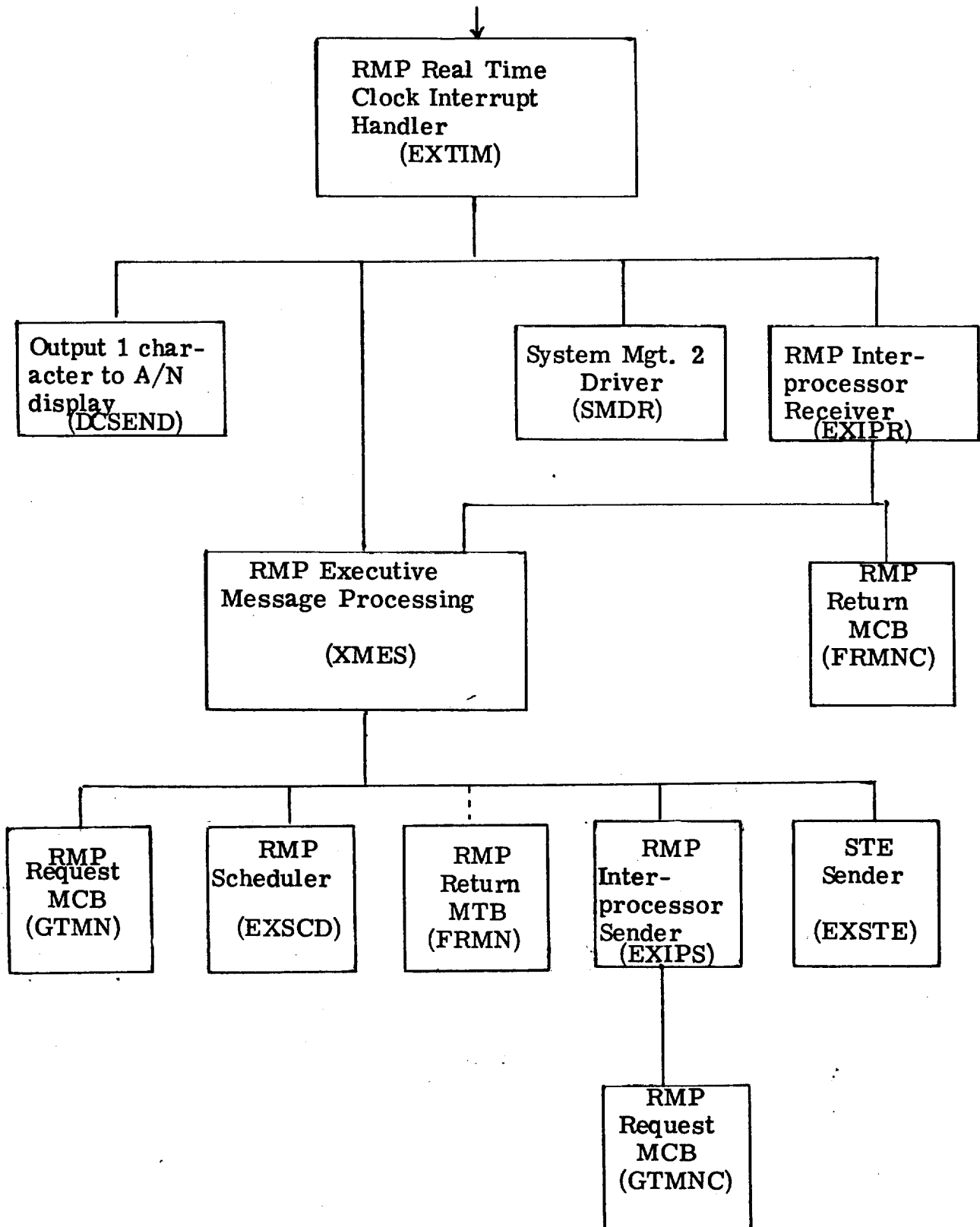
CP Inter-
processor
Sender
(EXIPS)

Signal
Sorter
Sender
(EXSSS)

CP
Request
MCB
(GTMNC)

Interface Description
(CP Executive with CP Interrupts)

Real Time Clock Interrupt



Interface Description
(RMP Executive with RMP Interrupts)

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CODE IDENT NO.

49956

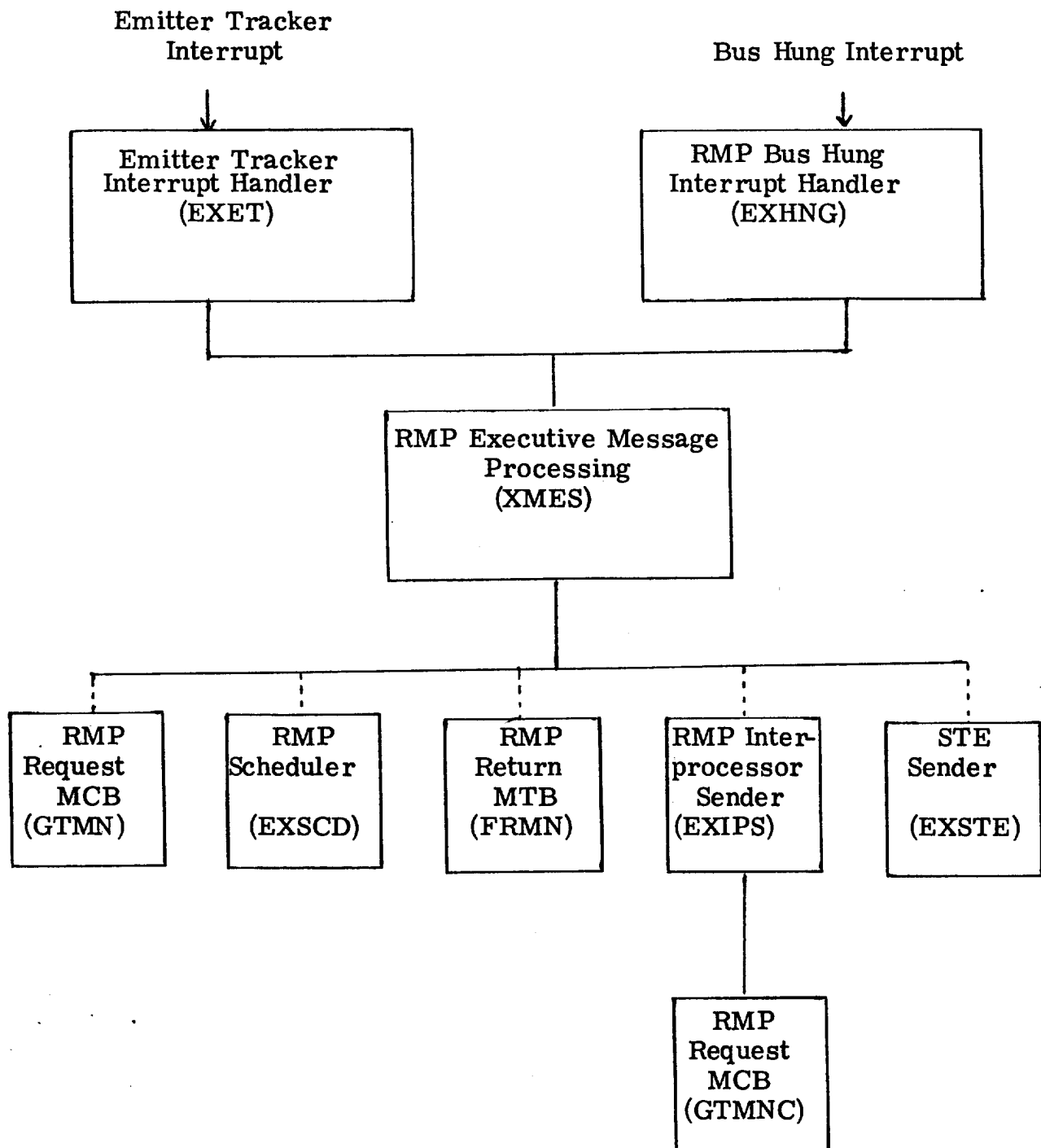
SPEC NO.

53959-GT-0756

SHEET

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REV A



Interface Description
(RMP Executive with RMP Interrupts)

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CODE IDENT NO.

49956

SPEC NO.

53959-GT-0756

SHEET

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REV

A

AP
Dispatcher
(EXDIS)

AP BECM Processing
(Init. Driver,
Return Driver, etc.)

Time Out
Check
(ABTCK)

AP Interprocessor
Receiver
(EXIPR)

AP Executive Message
Handler
(EXMSG = EXMES)

AP
Return MCB
(FRMNC)

AP
Executive
Message
Processing
(XMES)

AP Executive
Message Processing
(XMES)

AP
Request
MTB
(GTMN)

AP
Scheduler
(EXSCD)

AP
Return
MTB
(FRMN)

AP
Inter-
processor
Sender
(EXIPS)

AP
Request
MCB
(GTMNC)

Interface Description
(AP Executive with AP BECM, RMP EXEC, and CP EXEC)

RAYTHEON

RAYTHEON COMPANY

LEXINGTON, MASS. 02173

CODE IDENT NO.

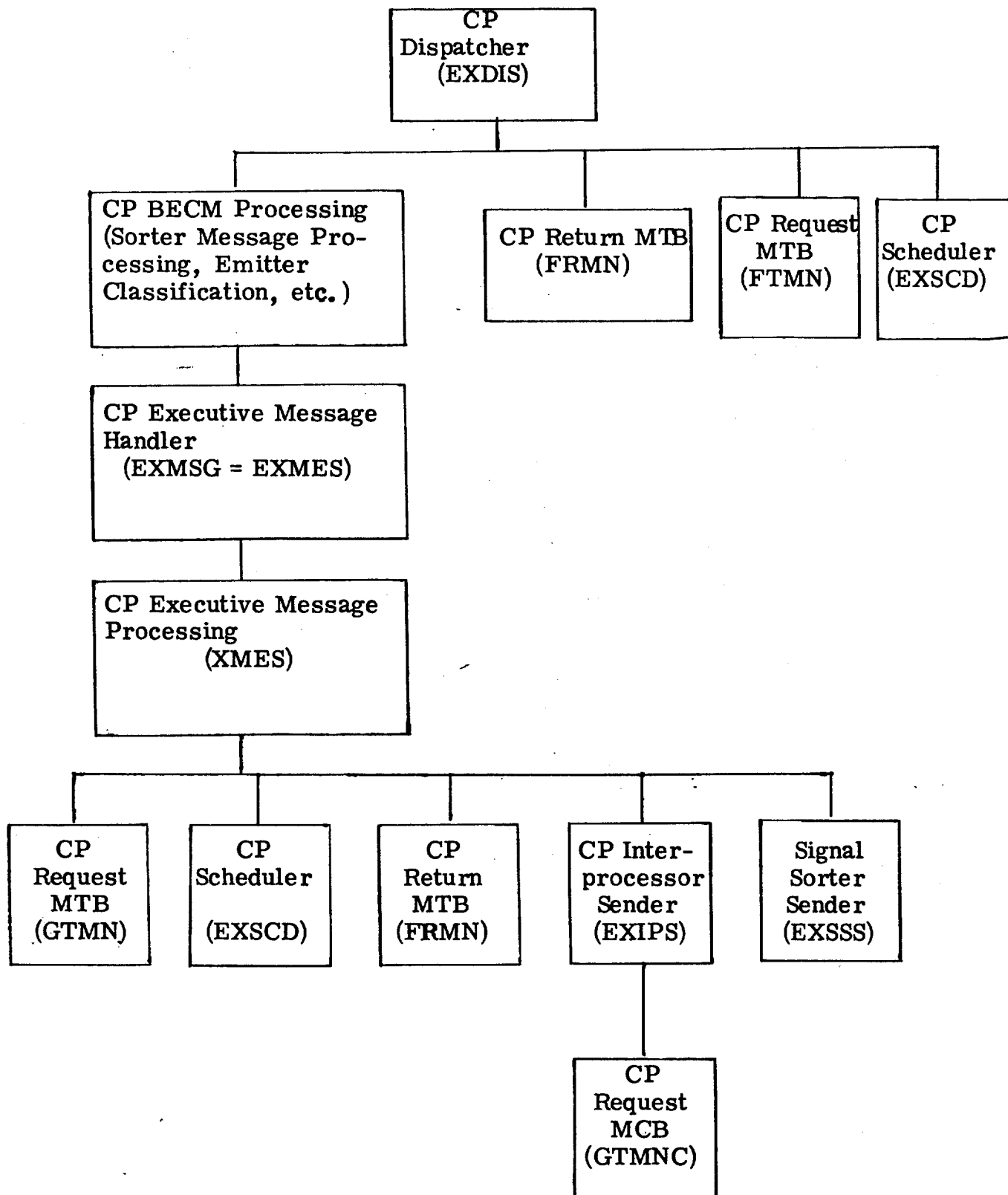
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SPEC NO.

53959-GT-0756

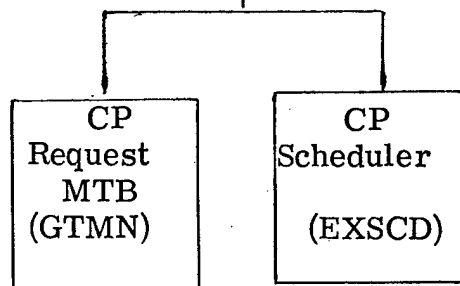
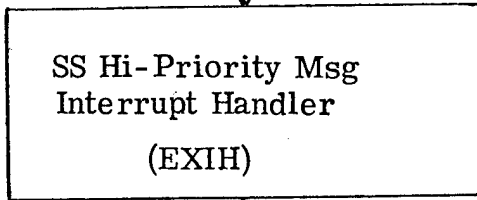
SHEET
76 OF 78

REV A

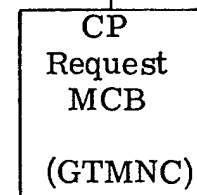
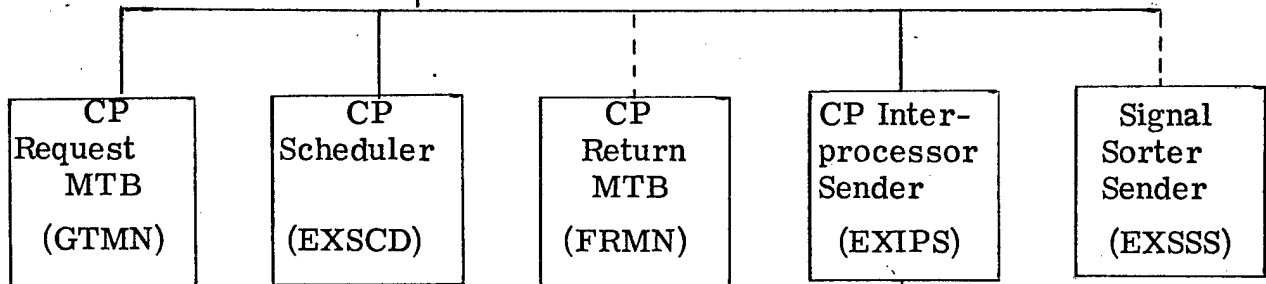
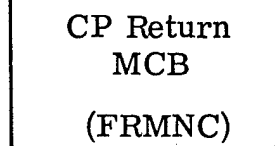
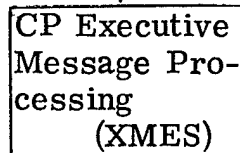
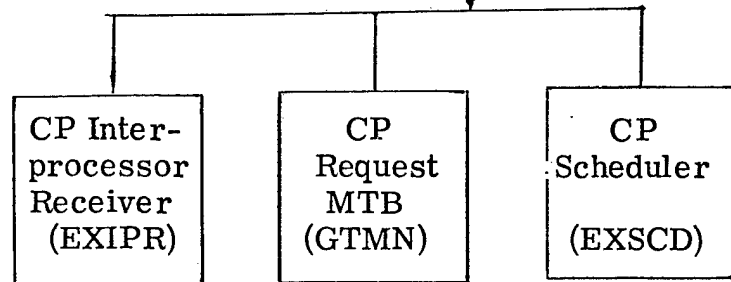
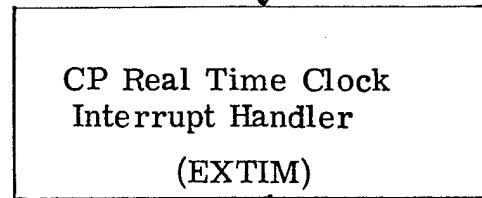


Interface Description
(CP Executive with CP BECM, RMP EXEC, AP EXEC and SS)

Sorter Hi-Priority Message
Interrupt

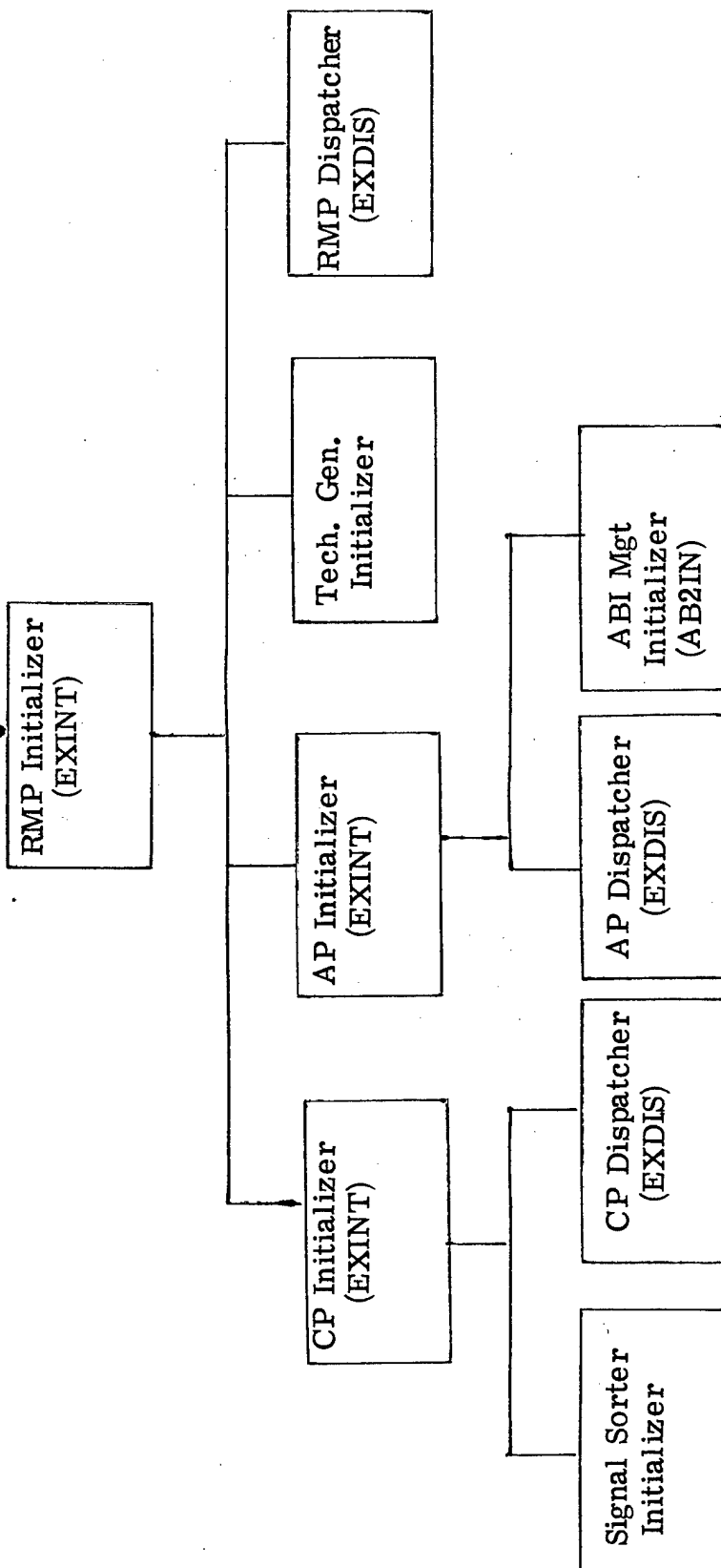


Real Time Clock Interrupt



Interface Description
(CP Executive with CP Interrupts)

System "GO" Command
from IEWS Loader



Interface Description (System Initialization)